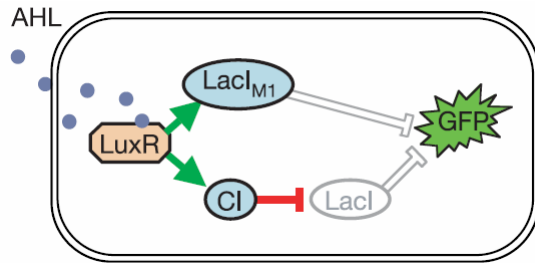
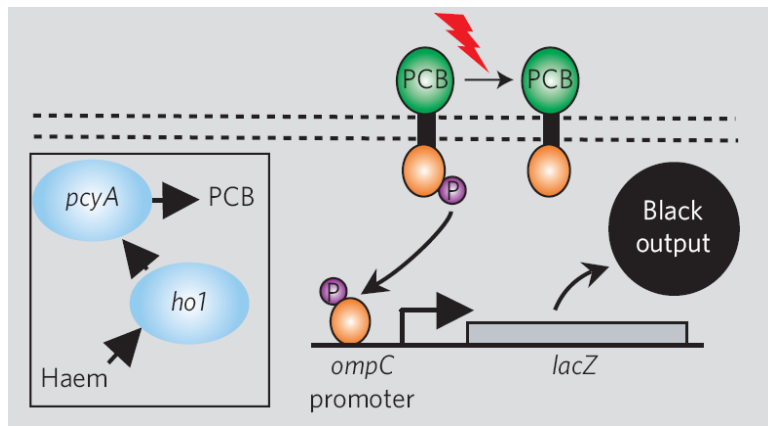


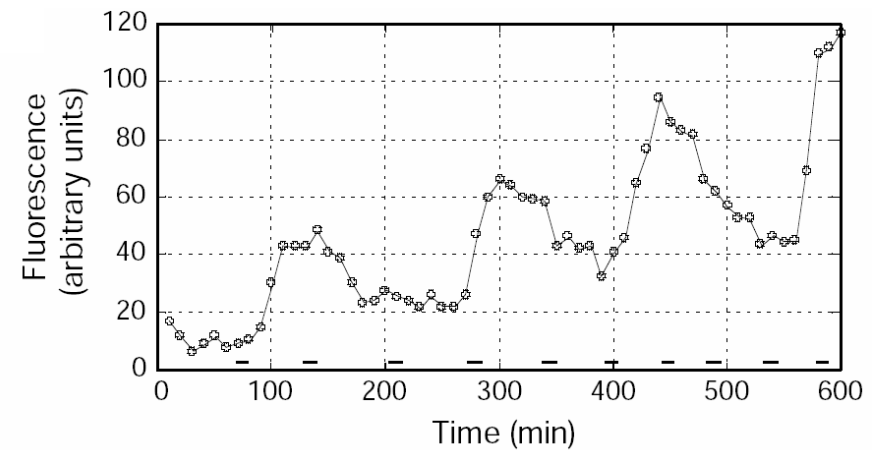
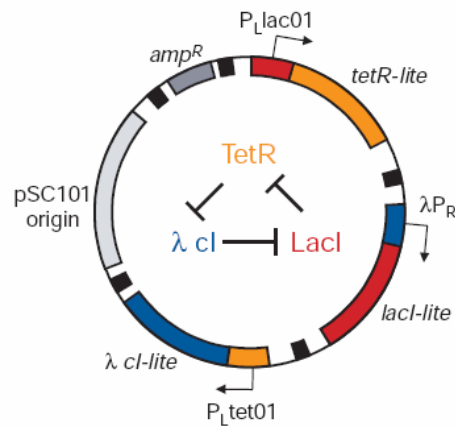
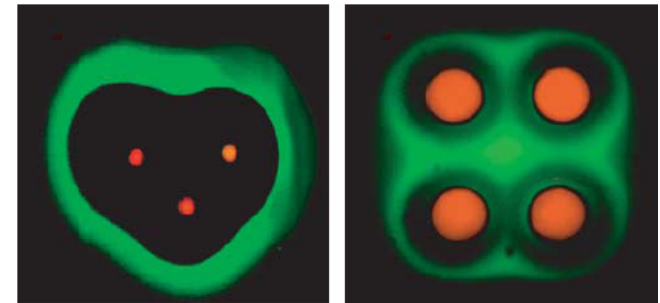


Characterization of BBa_F2620, an engineered cell-cell communication device

**Anna Labno
Barry Canton
Drew Endy**



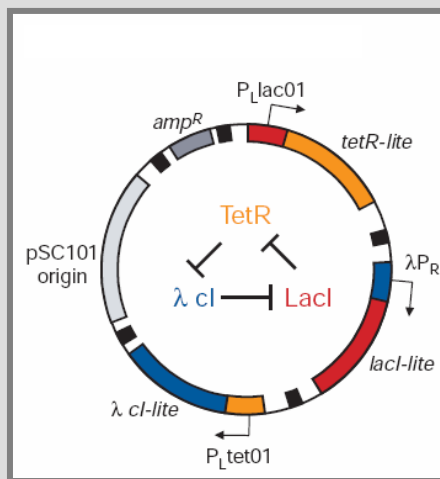
Repressilator



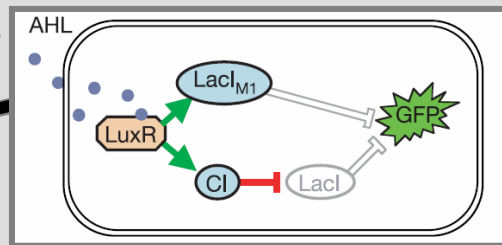
Engineering *Escherichia coli* to see light; Anselm Levskaya et al; A synthetic oscillatory network; of transcriptional regulators Michael B. Elowitz & Stanislas Leibler

A synthetic multicellular system for programmed pattern formation; Subhayu Basu et al

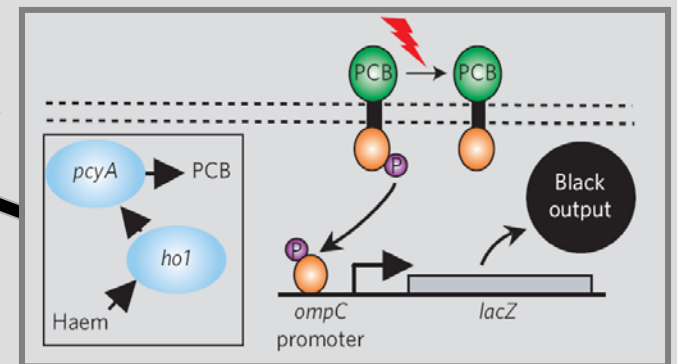
Repressilator controlled ? photography with band detection?



?



?



?

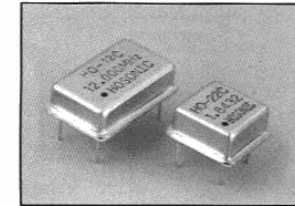
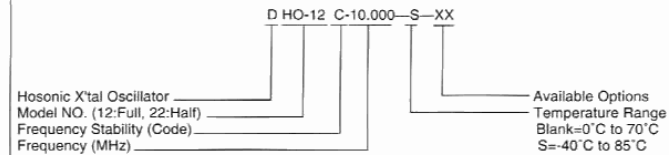
In most engineering disciplines...

HCMOS/TTL Crystal Oscillators

HOSONIC

Full Size 12 Series And Half Size 22 Series

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

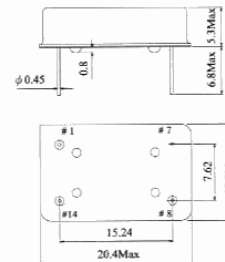


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Model	HO-12 series	HO-22 series
Package	14 Pin DIP (Full Size)	8 Pin DIP (Half Size)
Frequency Range (Fo)	1.000MHz to 100.000MHz	
Frequency Stability ($\Delta f/f_0$)	A=±25ppm, B=±50ppm, C=±100ppm	
Operating Temperature Range (ToPR)	0°C to 70°C, -40°C to 85°C (Available)	
Storage Temperature (TSTG)	-55°C to 125°C	
Power Supply Voltage (VDD)	5V±0.5Vdc	
Aging (at 25°C)	±5ppm/year Max.	
	1.000MHz to 22.000MHz	22.000MHz to 100.000MHz
	X.	X.
	X.	X.
	X.	X.
Rise and Fall Time (Tr, Tf)	5ns Max.	
10% to 90% of Waveform W/Hcmos Load		
Output Voltage Logic High (VOH)	4.5V Min.	
Output Voltage Logic Low (VOL)	0.5V Max.	
Output load	1.000MHz to 40.000MHz	10TTL Load or 50pF HCMOS Load
	40.000MHz to 100.000MHz	10TTL Load or 15pF HCMOS Load

Dimensions

Unit: mm

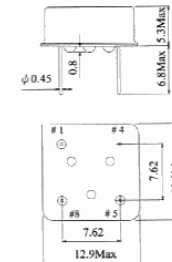


HO-12C

Pin	Connection
#1	N.C.
#7	GND
#8	Output
#14	+5 VDC

Dimensions

Unit: mm

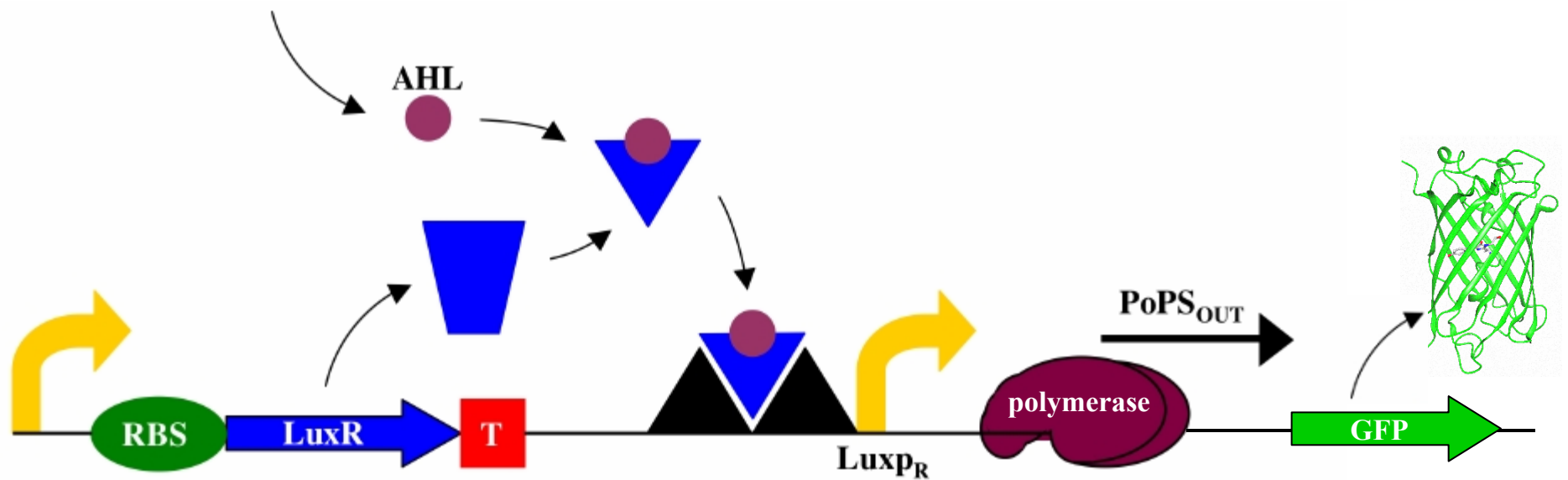


HO-22C

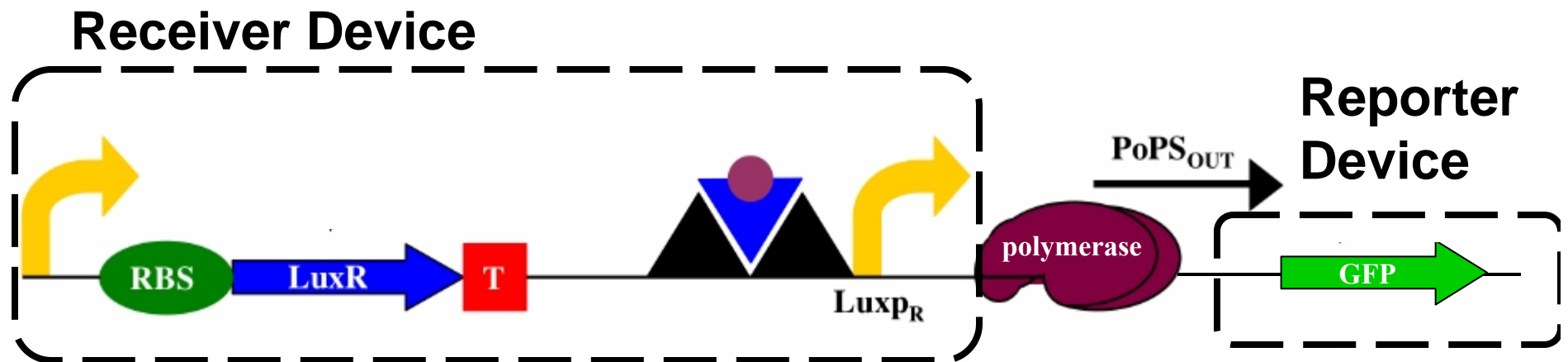
Pin	Connection
#1	N.C.
#4	GND
#5	Output
#8	+5 VDC

Can we make biology like this?

Cell-Cell Communication Device

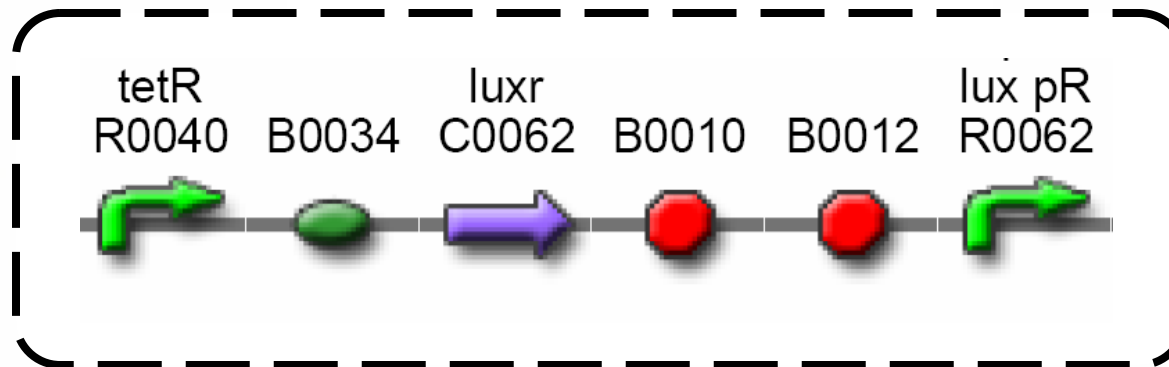


Cell-Cell Communication Device

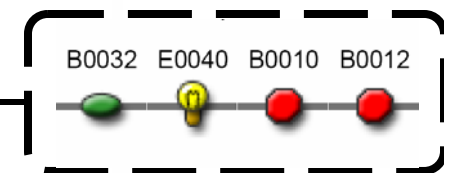


Cell-Cell Communication Device

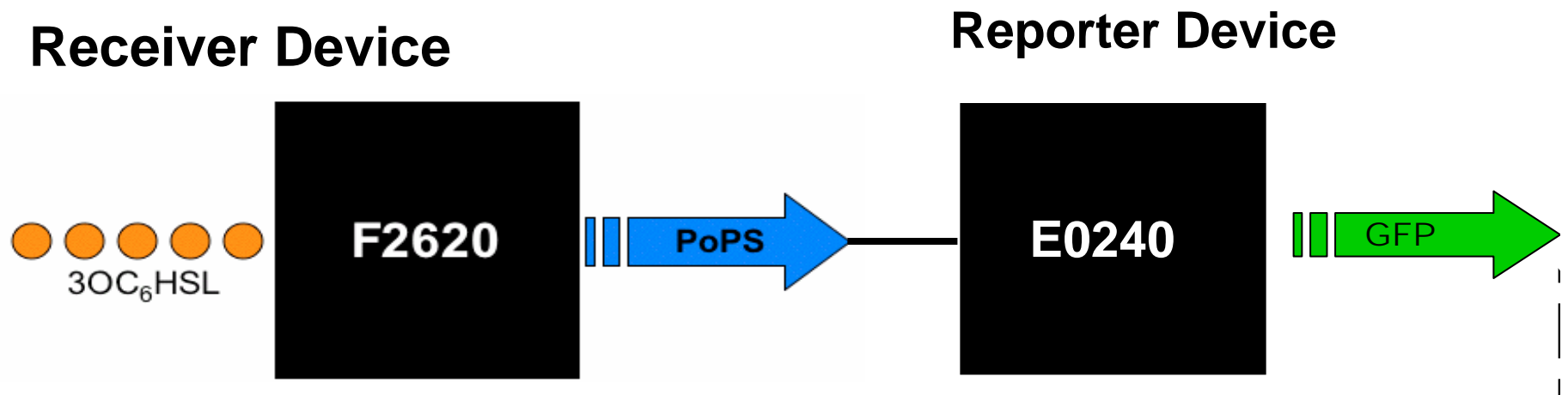
Receiver Device

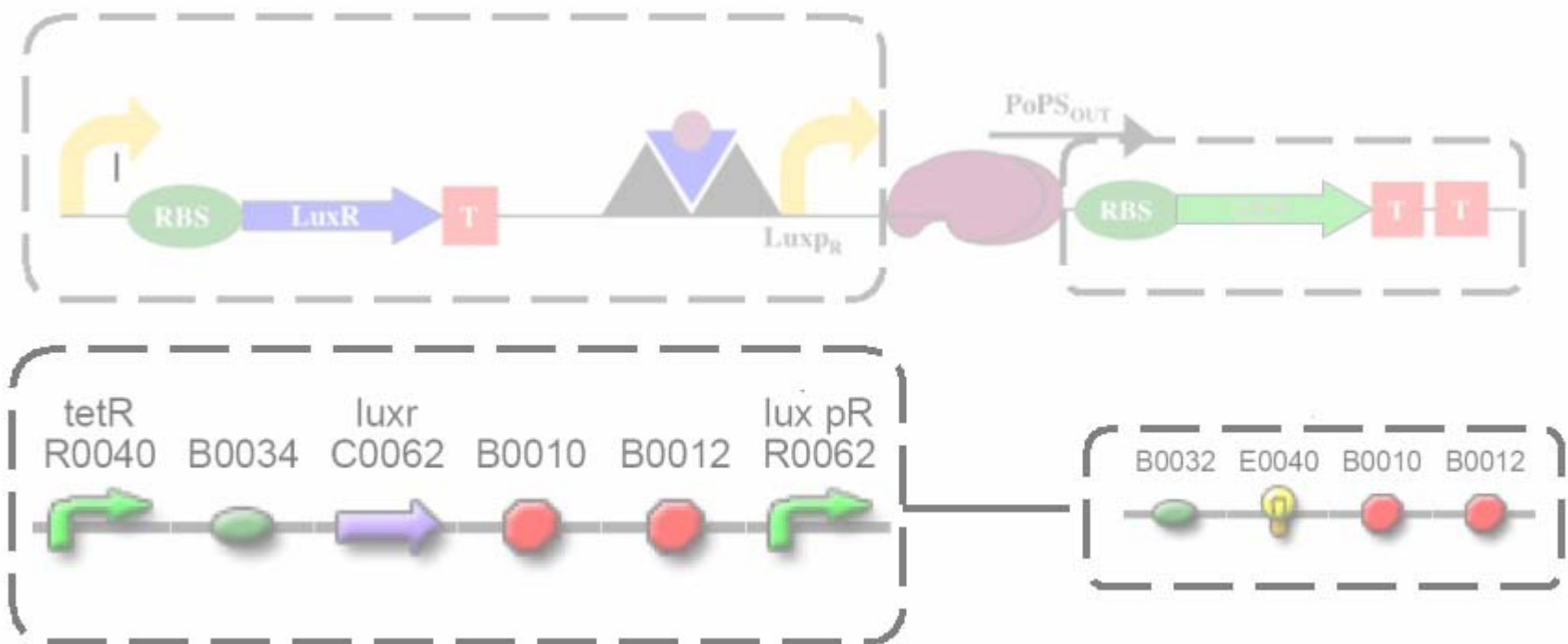


Reporter Device



Cell-Cell Communication Device

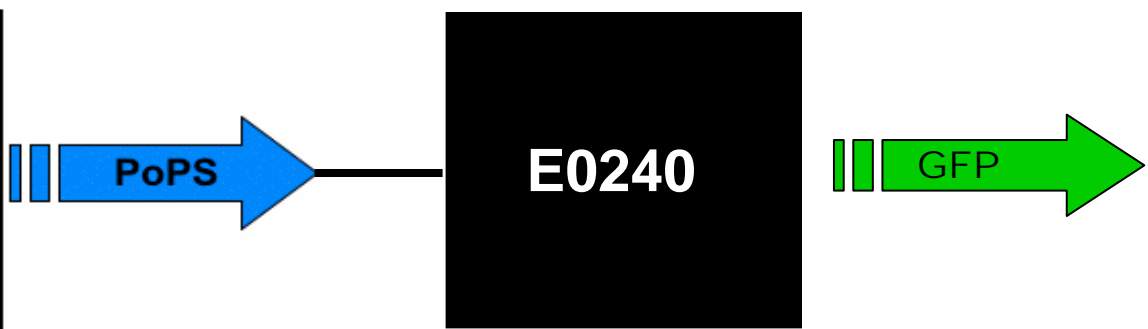




Receiver Device



Reporter Device

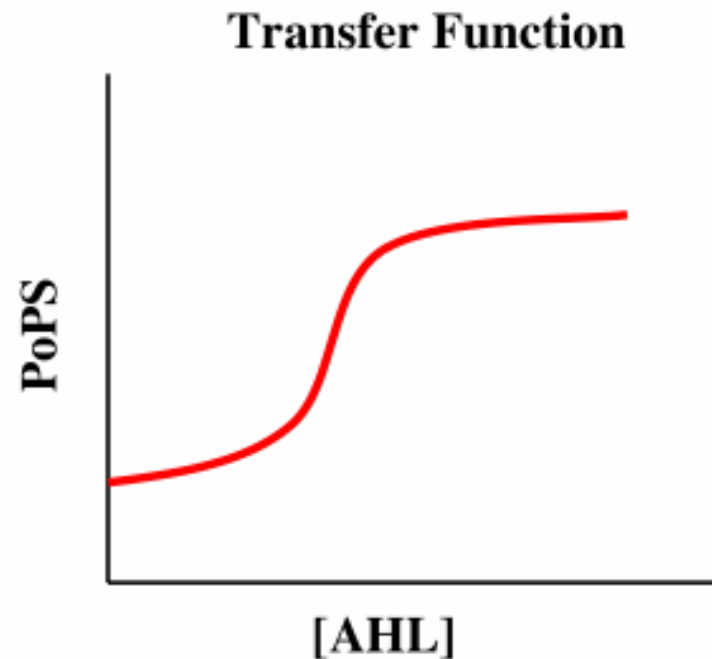


Relevant Device Characteristics

- Transfer Function
- Variability
- Specificity (with respect to inducer)
- Latency (High/Low)
- Stability (genetic and performance)

Relevant Device Characteristics

- Transfer Function



Relevant Device Characteristics

- Transfer Function
- **Variability**
- Specificity (with respect to inducer)
- Latency (High/Low)
- Stability (genetic and performance)

Relevant Device Characteristics

- Transfer Function
- Variability
- **Specificity (with respect to inducer)**
- Latency (High/Low)
- Stability (genetic and performance)

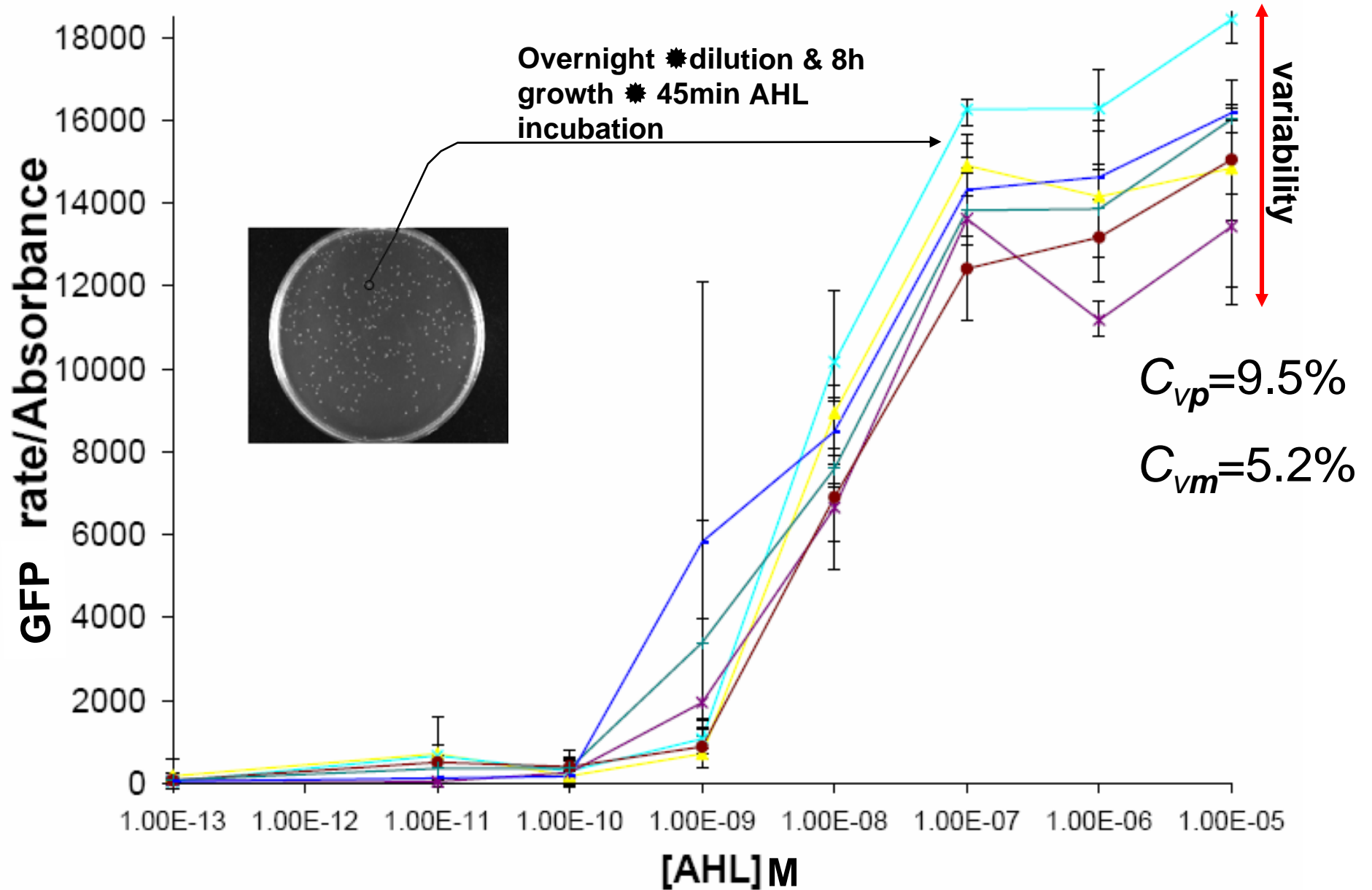
Relevant Device Characteristics

- Transfer Function
- Variability
- Specificity (with respect to inducer)
- Latency (High/Low)
- Stability (genetic and performance)

Relevant Device Characteristics

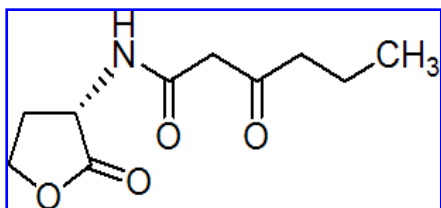
- Transfer Function
- Variability
- Specificity (with respect to inducer)
- Latency (High/Low)
- **Stability (genetic and performance)**

Variability

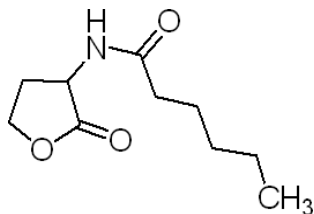


Specificity-Reagents

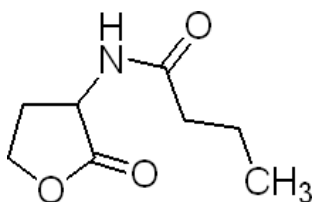
N-(β -Ketocaproyl)-DL-homoserine lactone (cognate)



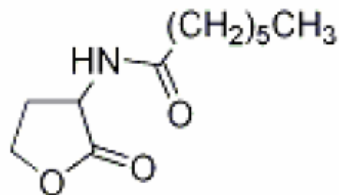
N-Hexanoyl-DL-homoserine lactone



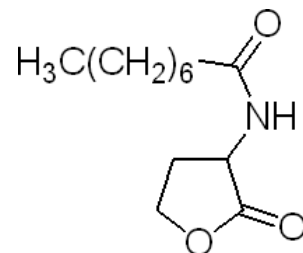
N-Butyryl-DL-homoserine lactone



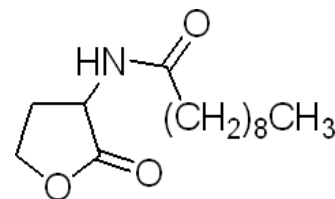
N-Heptanoyl-DL-homoserine lactone



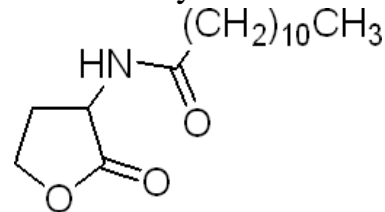
N-Octanoyl-DL-homoserine lactone



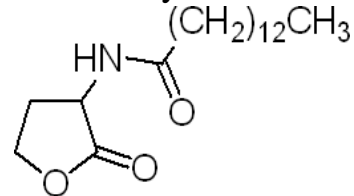
N-Decanoyl-DL-homoserine lactone



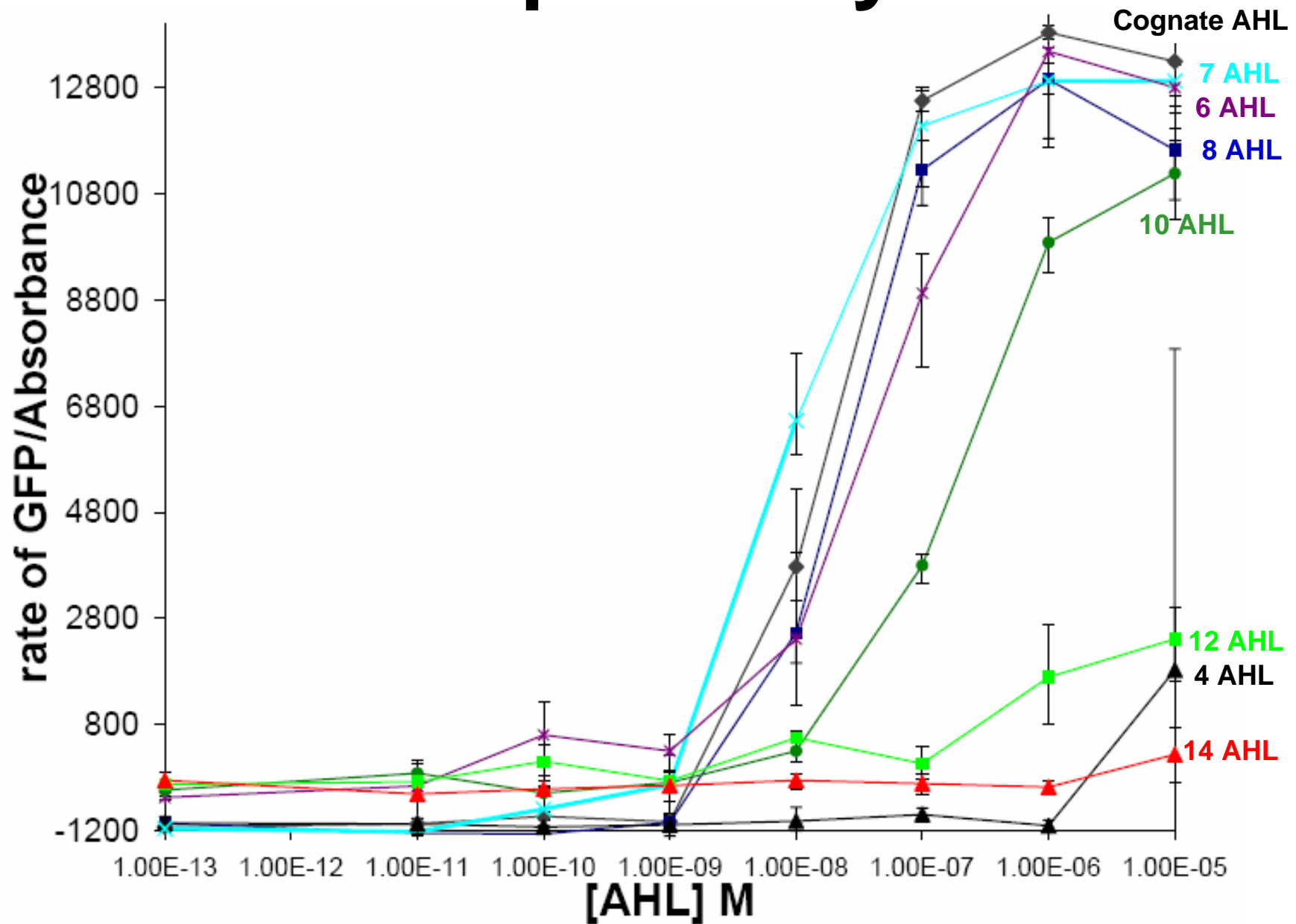
N-Dodecanoyl-DL-homoserine lactone



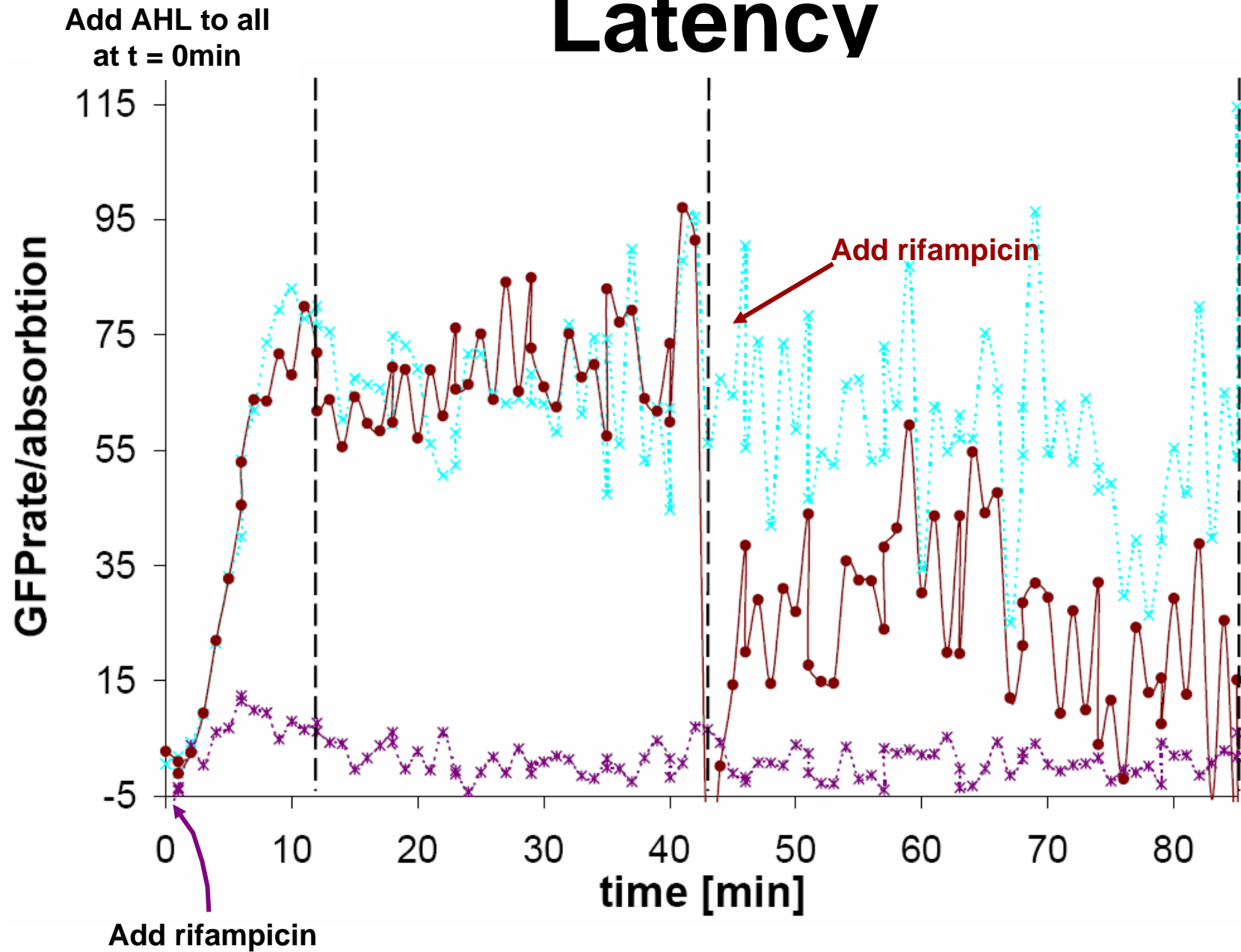
N-Tetradecanoyl-DL-homoserine lactone



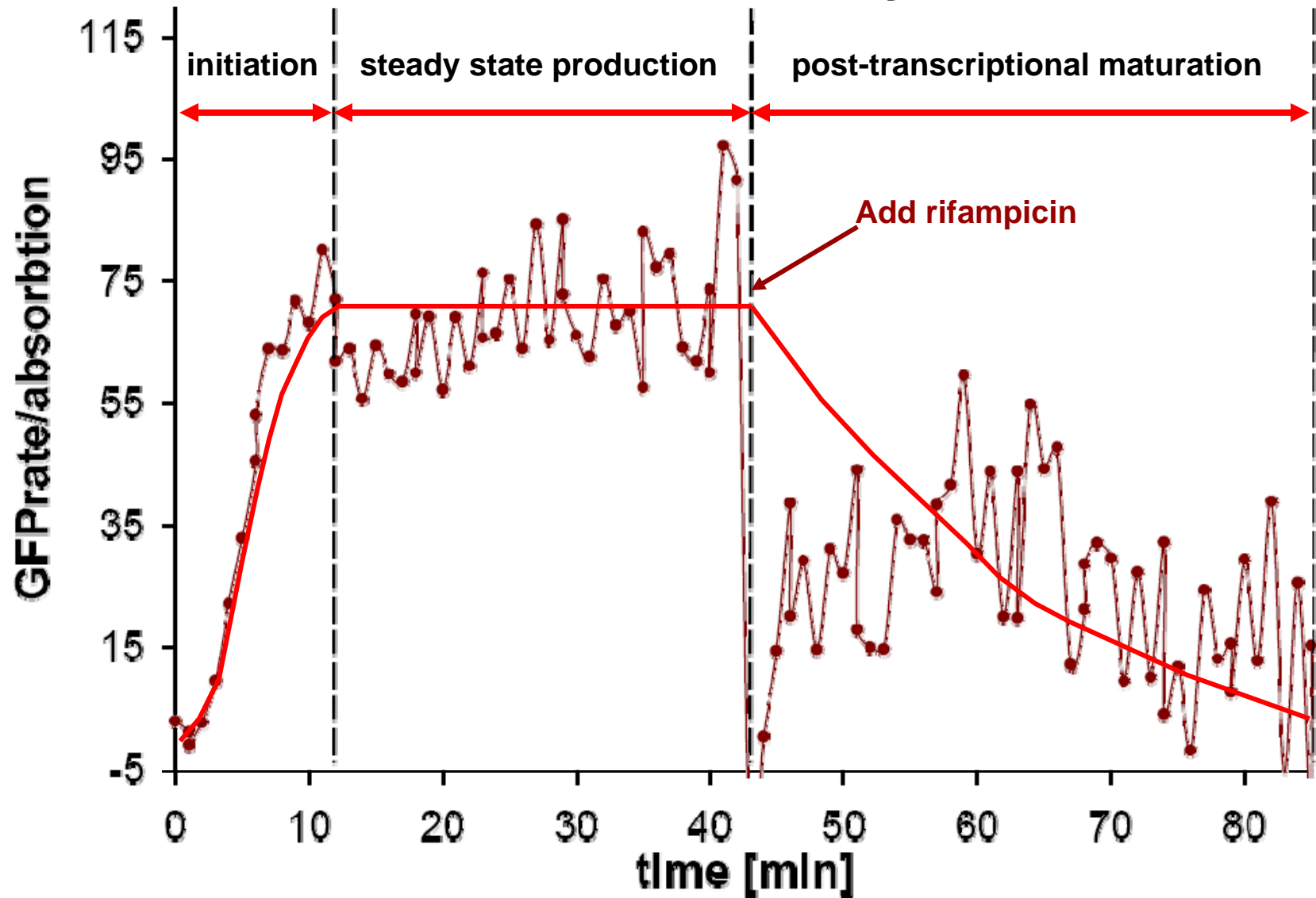
Specificity



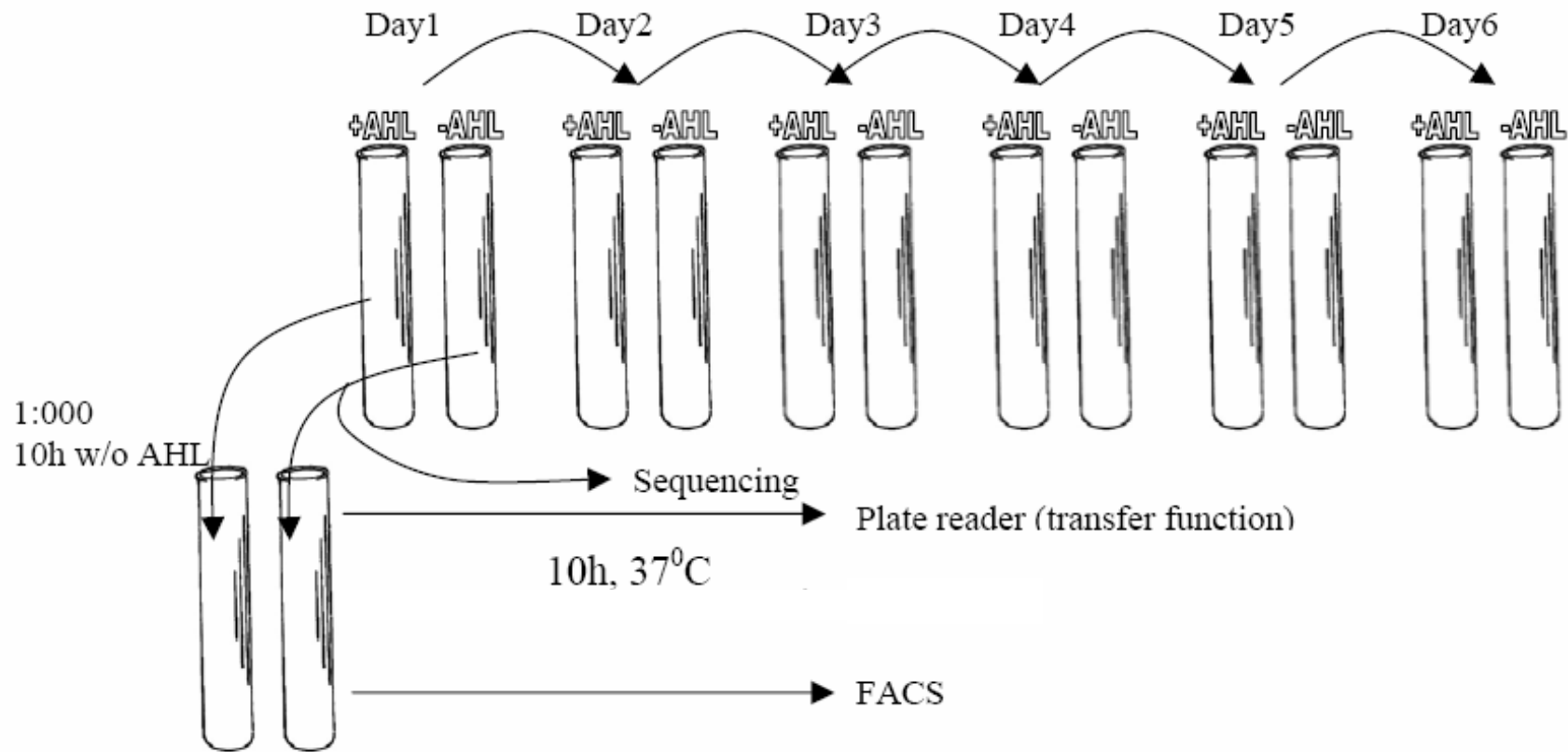
Latency



Latency



Device Stability



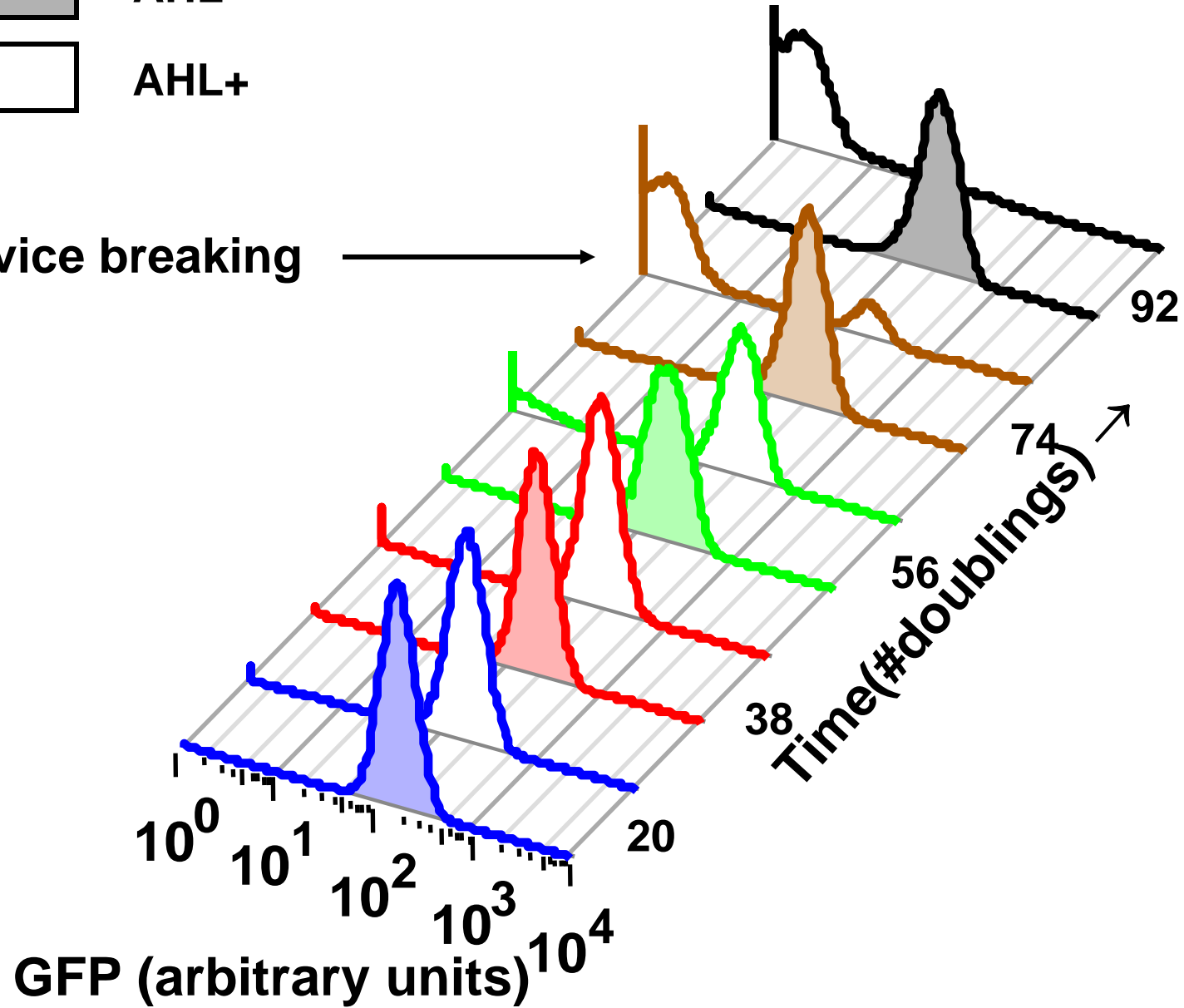


AHL-



AHL+

device breaking



And now in
biology....

BBa_F2620

3OC₆HSL → PoPS Receiver

Author(s): Barry Cantlon [bcantlon@mit.edu]

Last Update: March 10, 2006



Description and Usage:

Device input is 3OC₆HSL. **Device output** is PoPS produced at a LuxR-regulated operator

A transcription factor [LuxR] that is active in the presence of cell-cell signaling molecule [3OC₆HSL] is constitutively expressed from an operator [TetR]. Full PoPS output at high 3OC₆HSL levels and low plasmid copy [e.g., pSB3K3] results in a reduced cell growth rate. If used in a cell containing TetR then a second input signal [aTc] can be used to produce a logical AND function.

Characteristics

Full Output Variability Coefficient: 9.5%

Switch Point: 10 nM 3OC₆HSL, exogenous

LH Latency: 12 minutes

HL Latency: 40 minutes

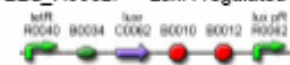
Cross Talk: with AHL derivatives. See specificity below

Key Components

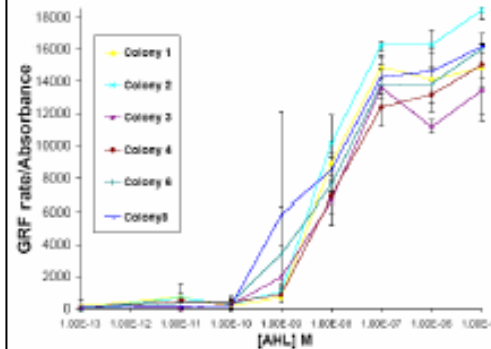
BBa_R0040: TetR-regulated operator

BBa_C0062: luxR ORF

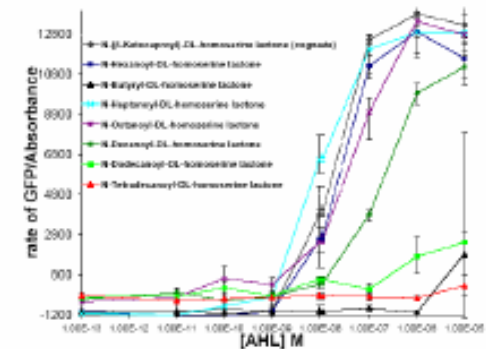
BBa_R0062: LuxR-regulated operator



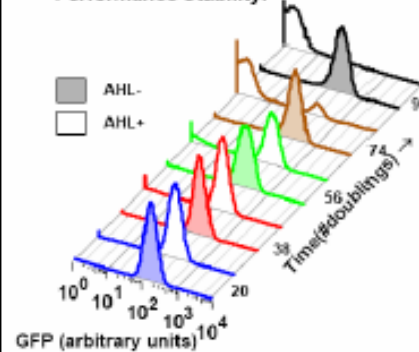
Transfer Function Variability:



Specificity:



Performance Stability:



Full Induction: device non-functional after 74 doublings

No induction: device functional for over 100 doublings

Compatibility

Device has been shown to work in MC4100, MG1655, and DH-5α.

Device has been shown to work with pSB3K3 and pSB1A2.

Device has been shown to work with E0430 and E0434.

Crosstalk with systems containing TetR.

*Device output measured indirectly via PoPS-driven fluorescence from BBa_E0400. () = geometric mean, arbitrary units. Host cell MC4100, device carried on pSB3K3, 100ml batch flask, supplemented M9 media, FACSscan cytometer [see MIT SBWG FACS protocol]

Registry of Standard Biological Parts

making life better, one part at a time

Signaling Devices



Thank You

Backup Slides

Registry of Standard Biological Parts

Registry of
Standard
Biological Parts



About the Registry
- Using the Registry
- User Accounts

Parts, Devices
& Systems

About Parts

- Adding Parts
- Measuring Parts

Assembly

- Standard Assembly
- Assembly Tool
- DNA Synthesis
- DNA Repositories
- BioBrick Blast

Educational Program

- IAP 2003/2004
- SBC 2004
- iGEM 2005
- ...

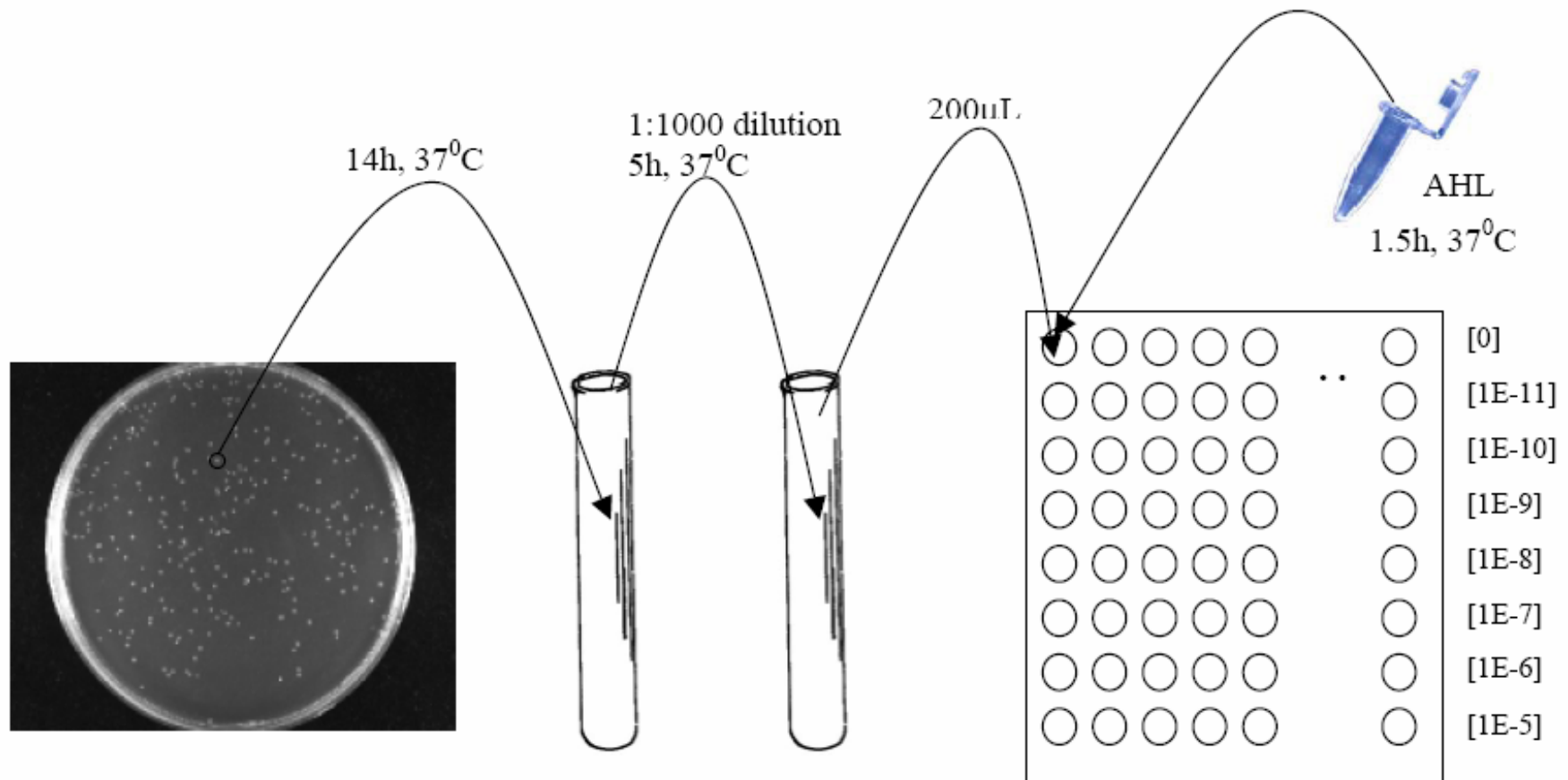


Parts List

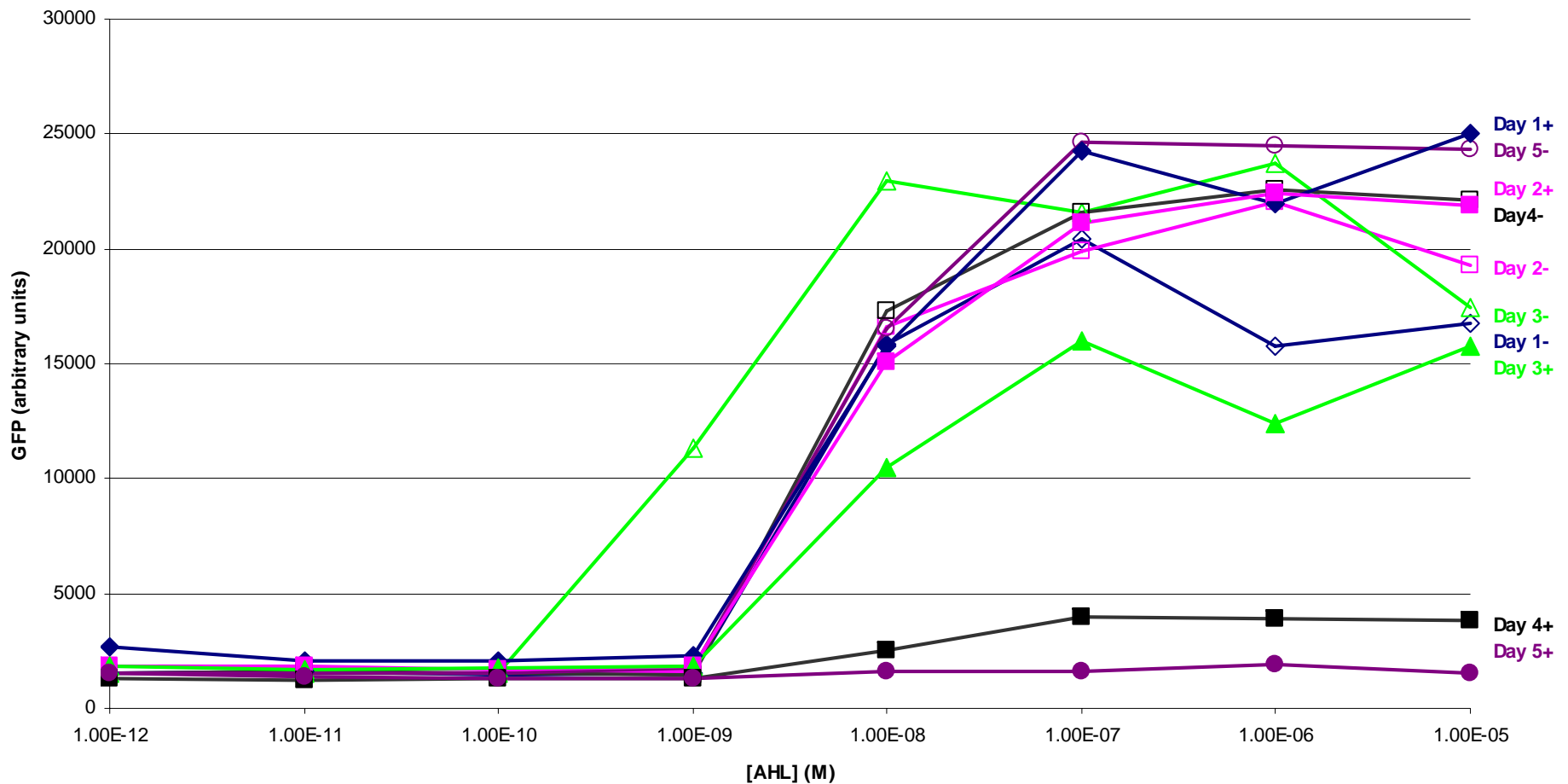
		Name	Type	Description	Length
	U	BBa_A340620	Inverter	Quadpart Amplifier (B0034.C0062.B0015.R0062)	999
	A	BBa_B0010	Terminator	Terminator (T1)	80
	A	BBa_B0011	Terminator	Terminator (luxICDABEG, +/-)	46
	A	BBa_B0012	Terminator	Terminator (T7 TE)	41
	A	BBa_B0013	Terminator	Terminator (T7 TE, +/-)	47
	A	BBa_B0014	Terminator	Terminator (B0012, B0011)	95
	A	BBa_B0015	Terminator	Terminator (B0010, B0012)	129
	A	BBa_B0016	Terminator	Terminator (T7 RNAP specific, T_Phi)	48
	A	BBa_B0017	Terminator	Terminator (B0010, B0010)	168
	B	BBa_B0020	Terminator	Terminator (Reverse B0010)	82
	A	BBa_B0021	Terminator	Terminator (luxICDABEG, +/-)	46
	A	BBa_B0022	Terminator	Terminator (Reverse B0012)	41
	A	BBa_B0023	Terminator	Terminator (Reverse B0013)	47
	A	BBa_B0024	Terminator		
	A	BBa_B0025	Terminator		
	A	BBa_B0030	RBS		
	A	BBa_B0031	RBS		
	A	BBa_B0032	RBS		
	A	BBa_B0033	RBS	RBS.4 (weaker)	11
	A	BBa_B0034	RBS	RBS (Elowitz 1999)	12

parts.mit.edu

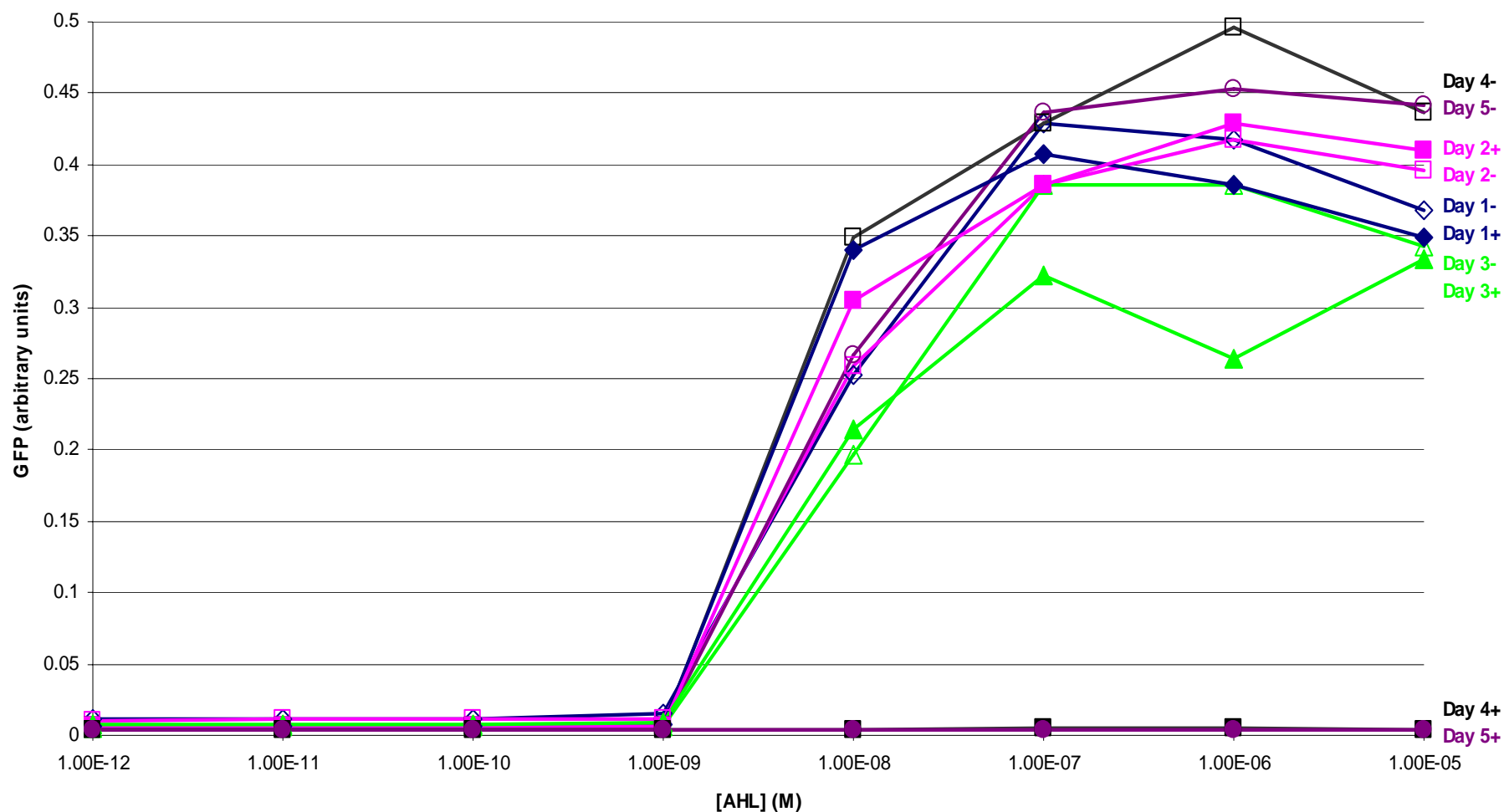
Experimental Protocol



Performance Stability – multi well fluorimetry



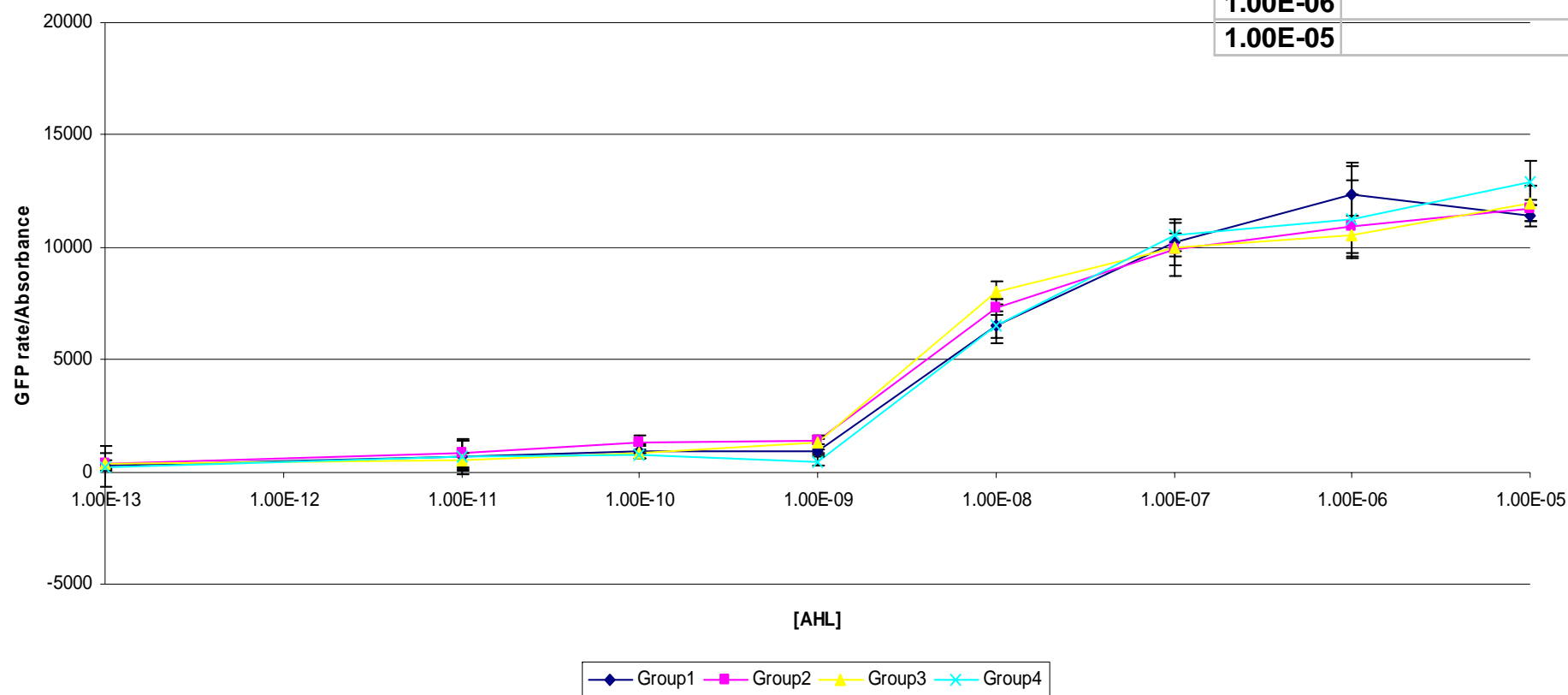
Performance Stability – FACS



Machine Variation

	coefficient of variation
1.00E-13	22
1.00E-11	18
1.00E-10	26
1.00E-09	41
1.00E-08	10
1.00E-07	3
1.00E-06	7
1.00E-05	5

Machine Variation

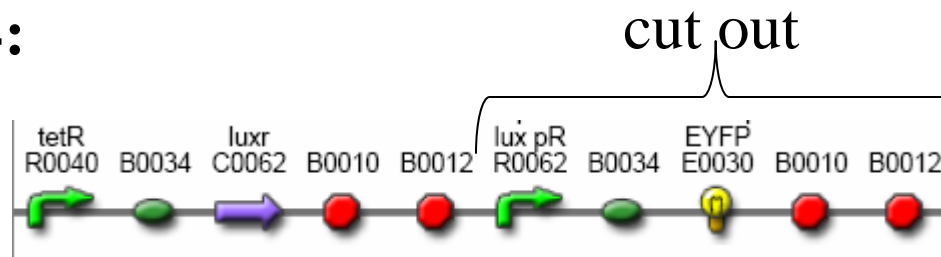


Genetic Stability

- **Day1, Day 2: No mutations**

- **Day3: No data available**

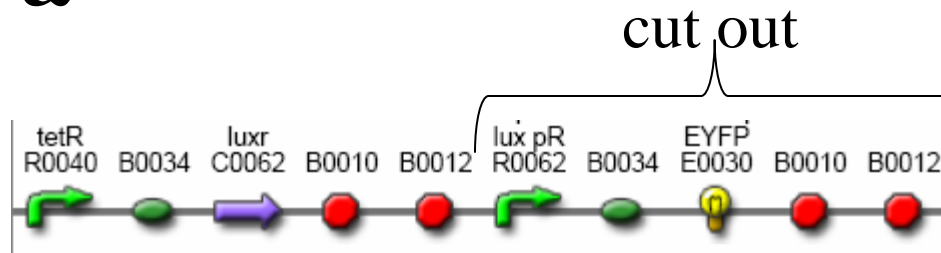
- **Day4:**



- **Day5:**

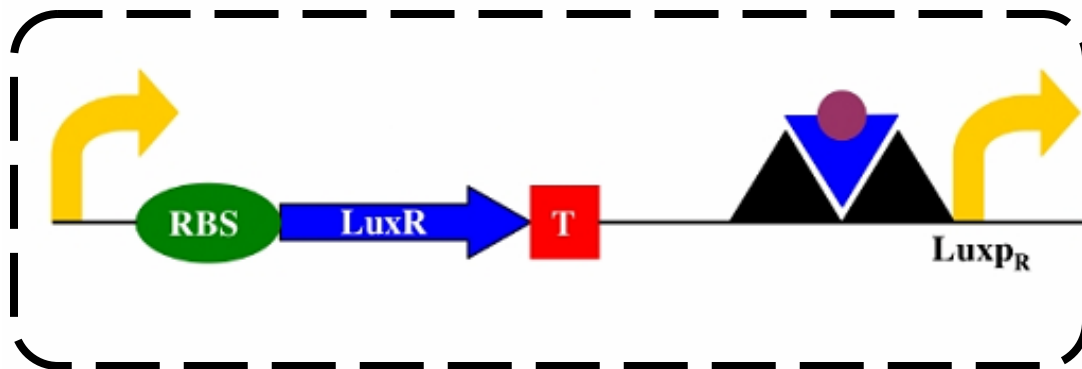
- **Point mutation in C0062 (luxR)**

- **&**

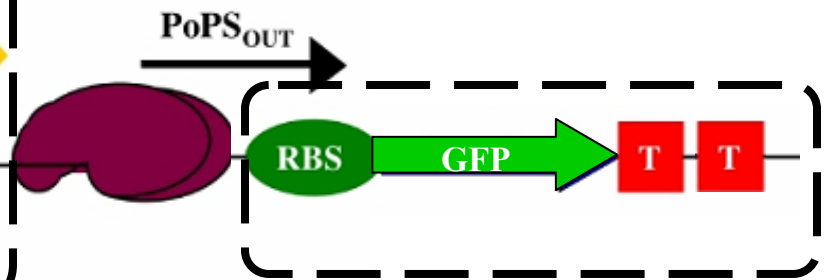


Genetic Stability

Receiver Device



Reporter Device

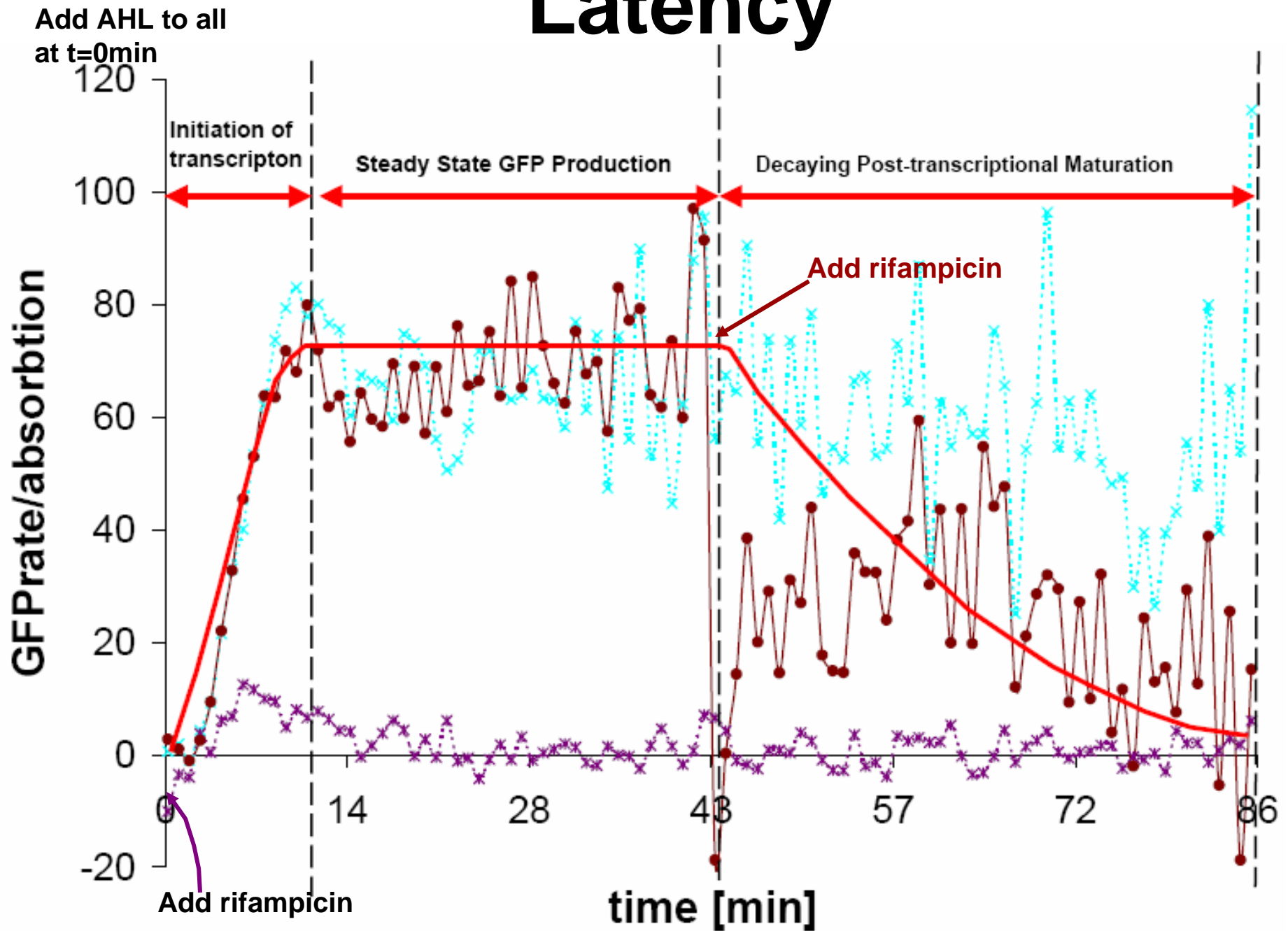


PoPs

Relevant Device Characteristics

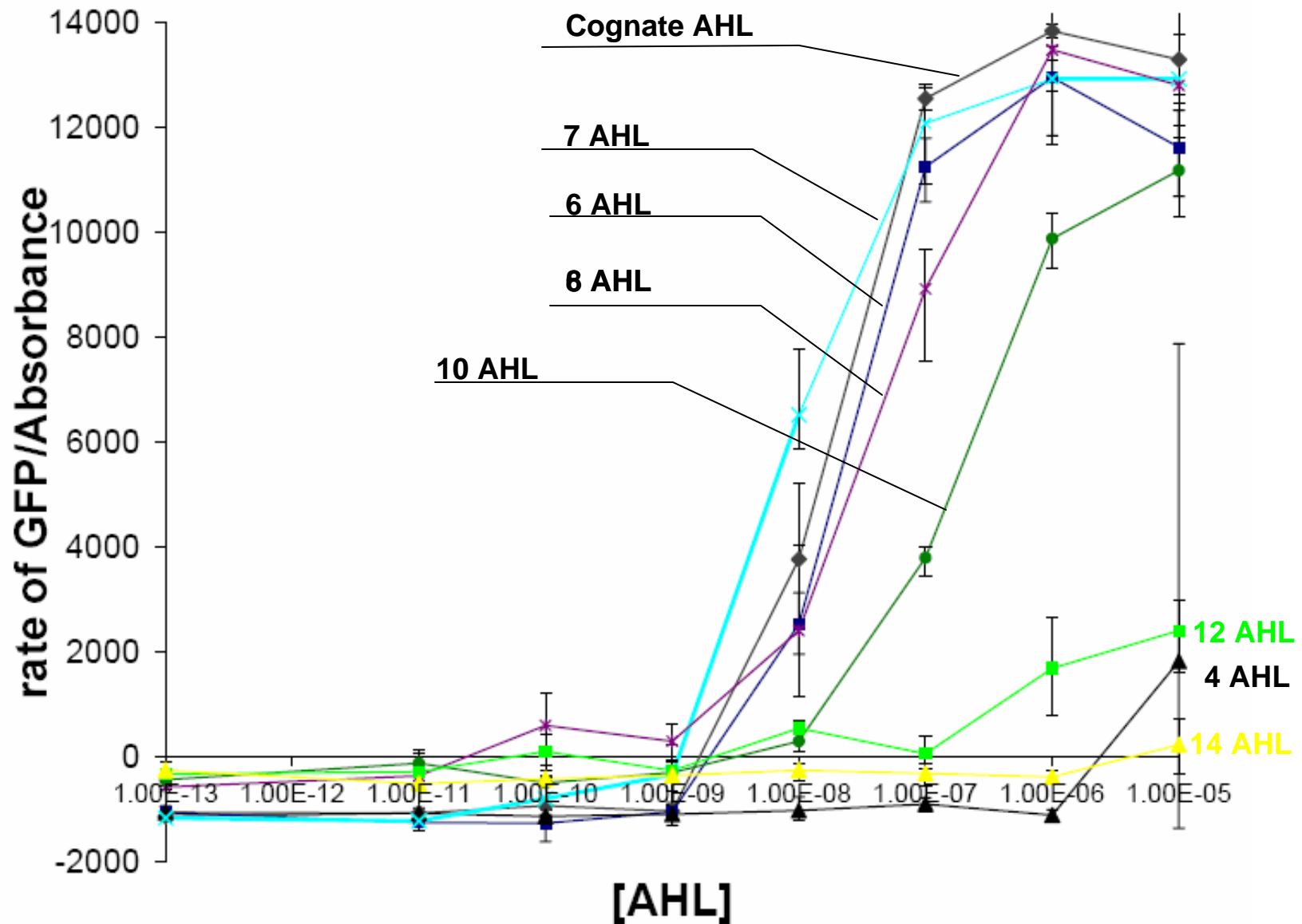
- Transfer Function
- Variability
- Specificity (with respect to inducer)
- Latency (High/Low)
- Stability (genetic and performance)

Latency



Carry Over Slides

Specificity



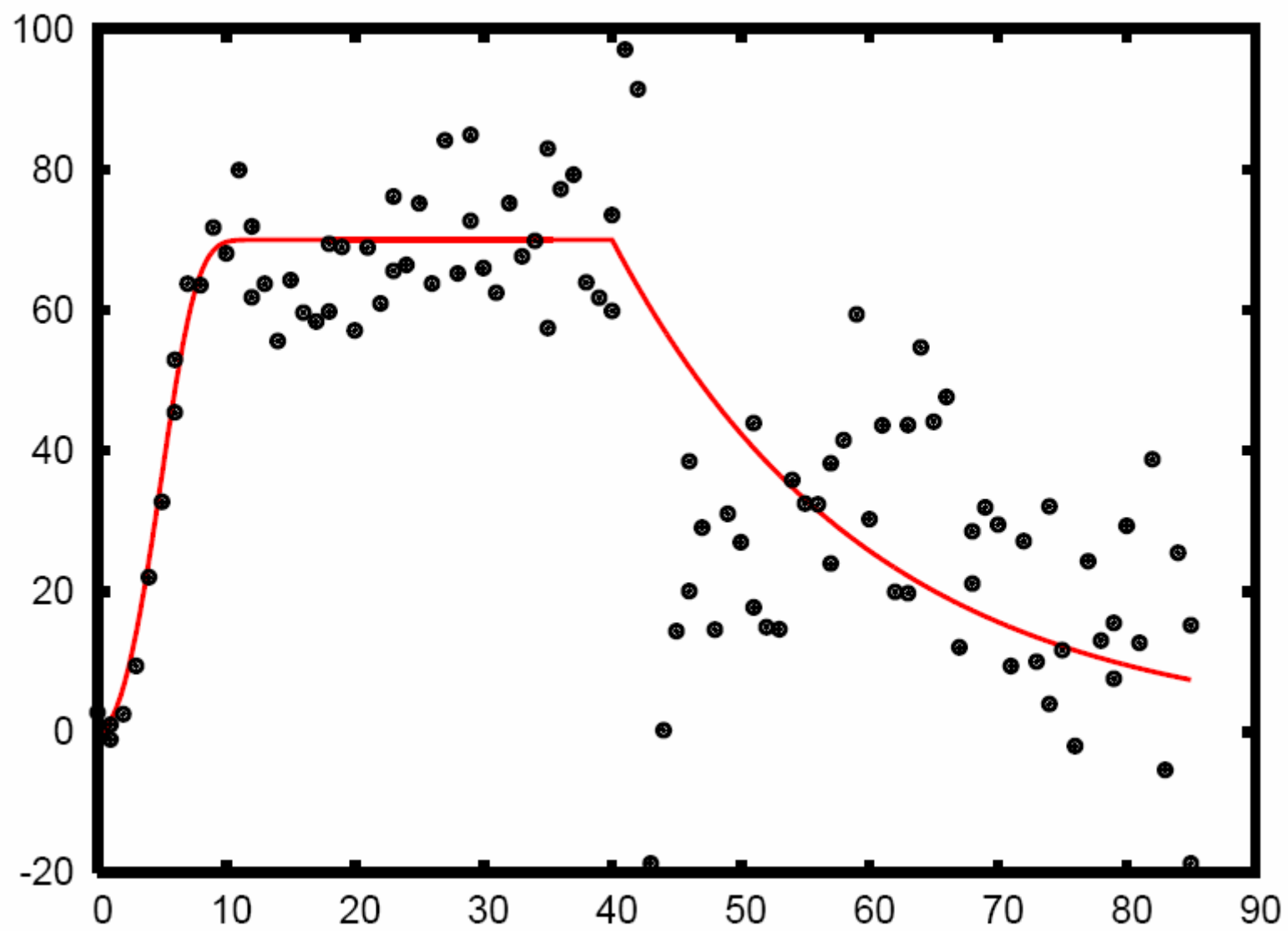
Variability - Overview

- **What difference in performance of device can I expect if from a plate/glycerol and I use it?**
- **Take 8 random colonies from the plate and measure difference in performance**
- **Sequencing to see genetic variation**

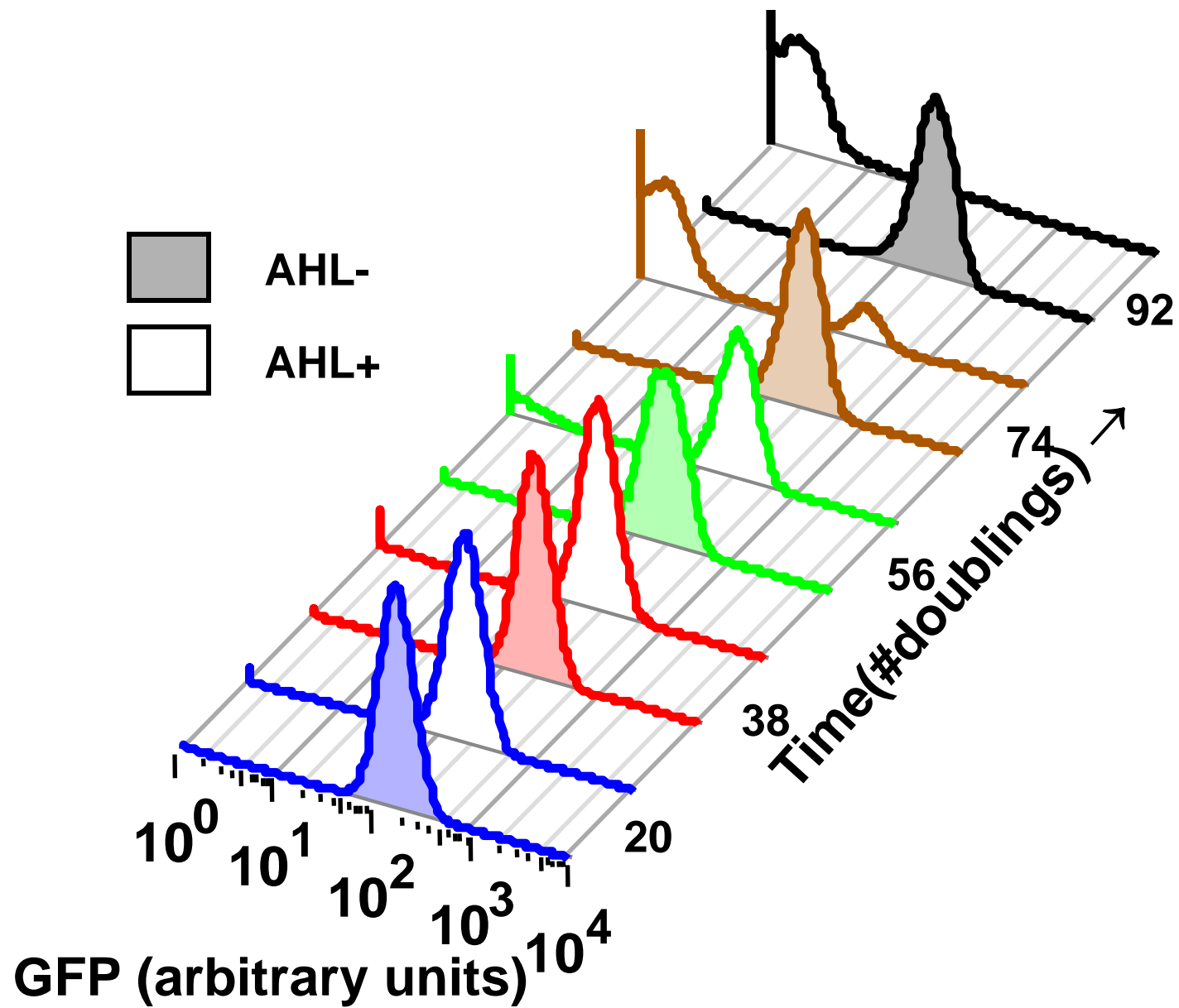
Motivation

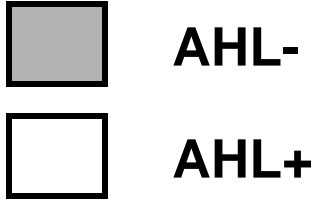
- Design and modeling of more complex systems
- Reliable & specified devices
- Organizing the parts
- Comparison between institutions

Aim: Define part characterization by example characterization
Insight into cell-cell communication

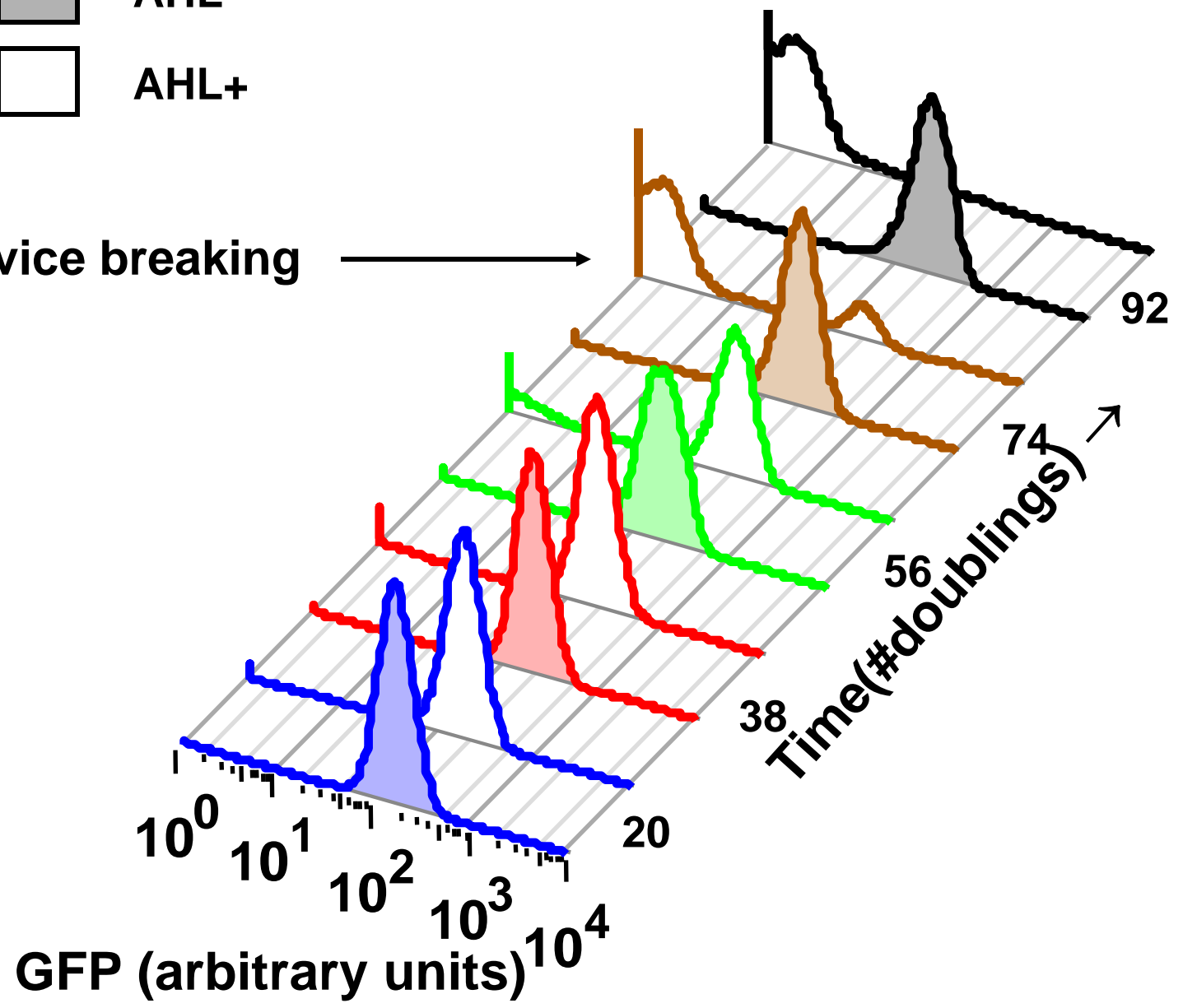


PoPs





device breaking



Stability of I13273

Measure the performance and genetic stability of the receiver

- Under two conditions:

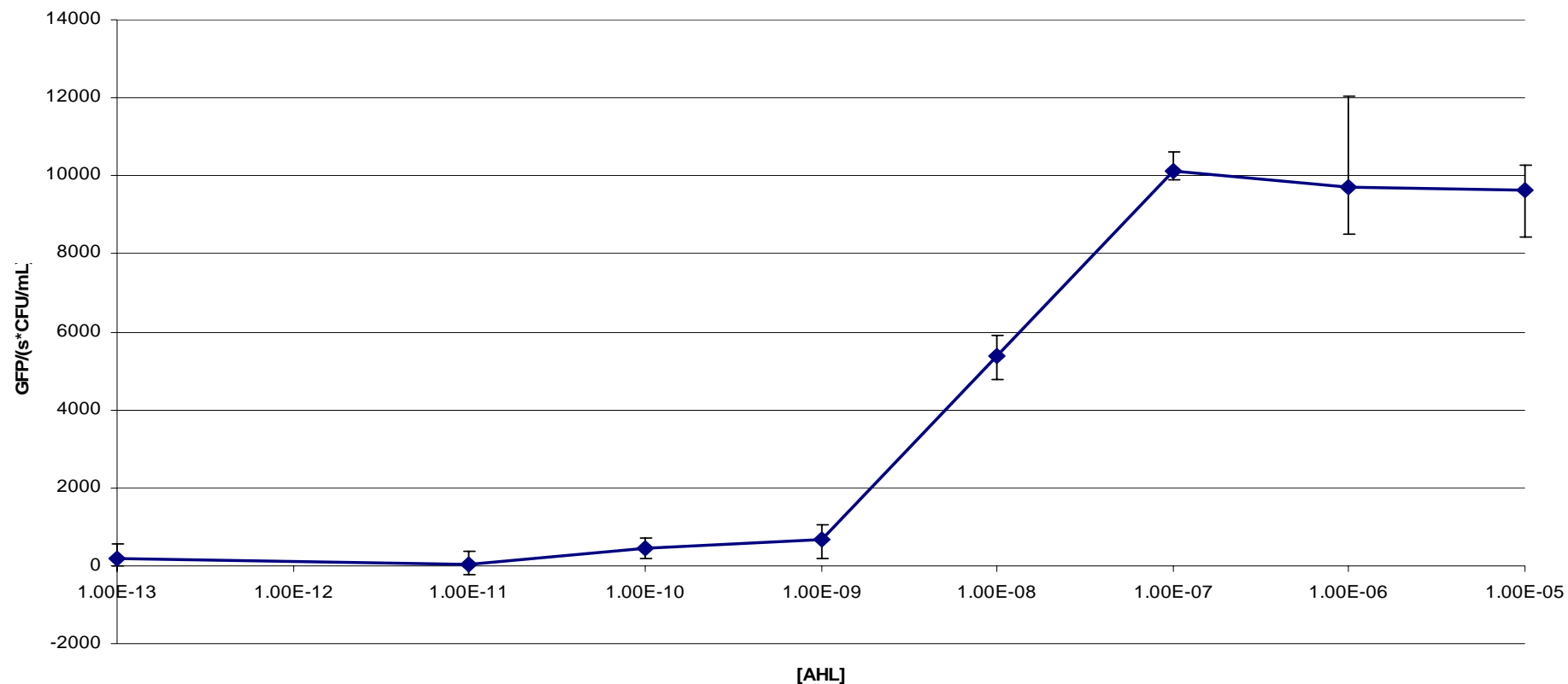
 - Full load

 - No load

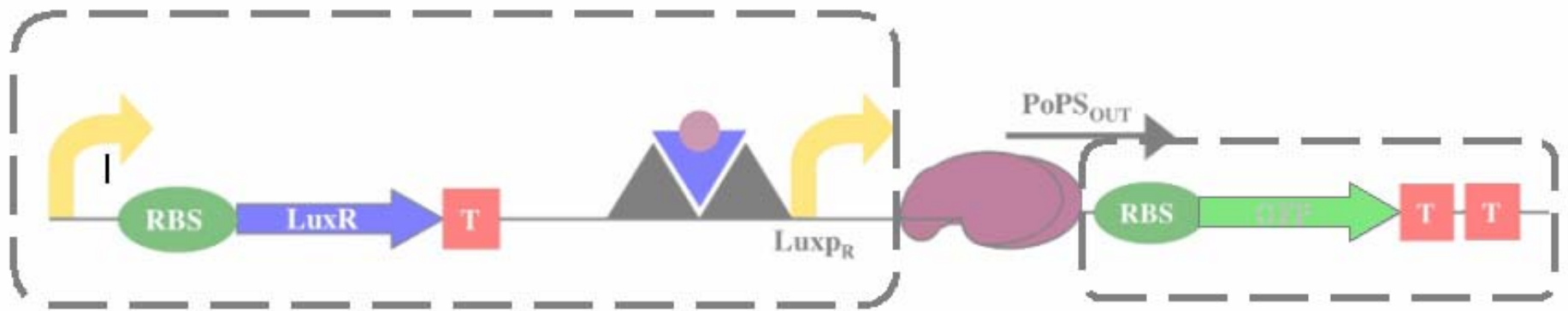
- Type of performance degradation (all or nothing vs. graded)

- Cell physiology over time (microscopy)

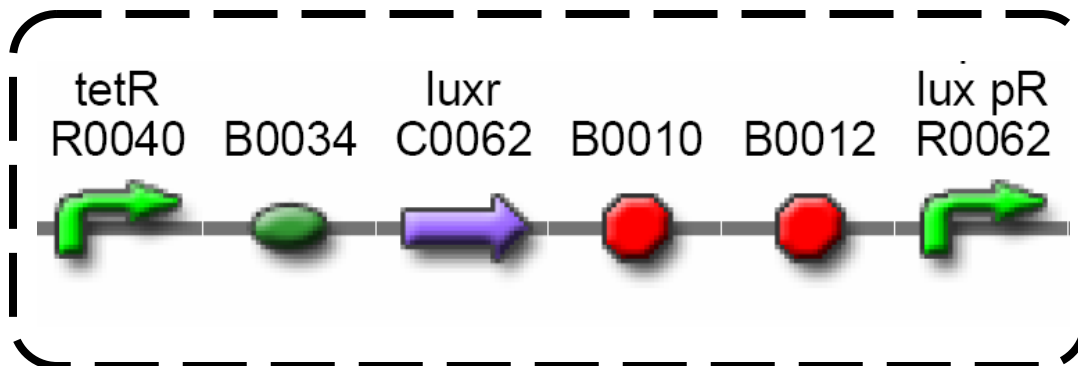
TRANSFER FUNCTION



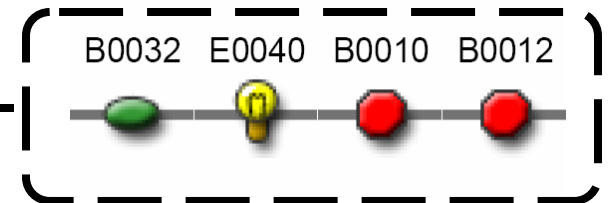
Note: y-axis units are rate of change of relative GFP level per CFU/mL



Receiver Device



Reporter Device



Future Work

- Latency, Specificity, Variability
 - Repeat to avoid human mistakes
 - Measure reporter latency and use it to estimate the latency purely of receiver device (stop translation exp)
 - Calibrate output in PoPs
- Stability
 - Fine tune protocol
 - Repeat for GFP
 - Get microscope images
 - Repeat with more stable/selectable reporter?

Motivation

Synthetic Biology

Building systems → robust, reusable, self-replicating

Medical → antibiotic/enzyme production , *in vivo* monitoring devices

Engineering → information processing (logic gates, repressilator)

Science → new perspective to understand the living world, intracellular physics



Aim: Define part characterization by example characterization
Insight into cell-cell communication

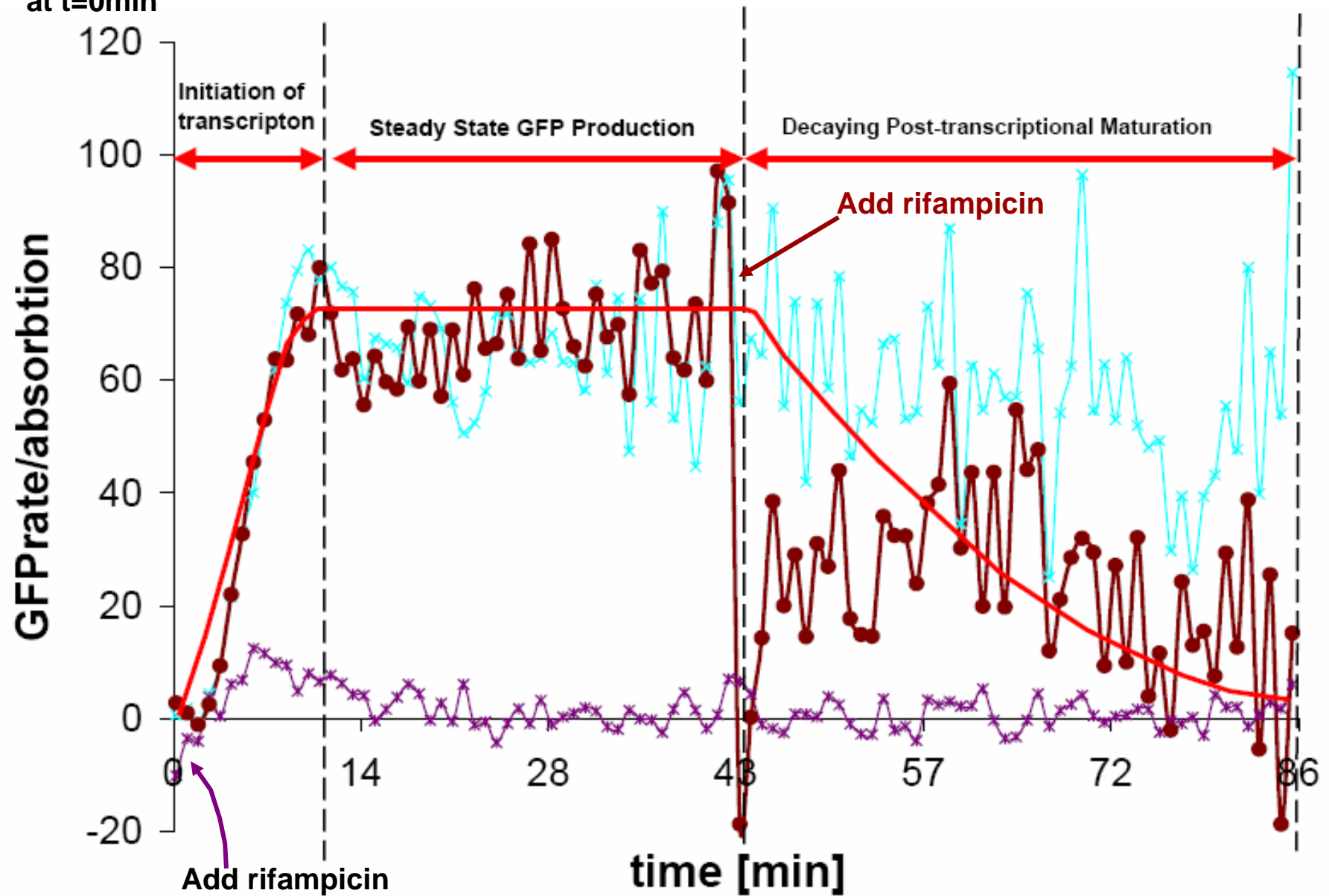


YFP = I13273

GFP = T9002

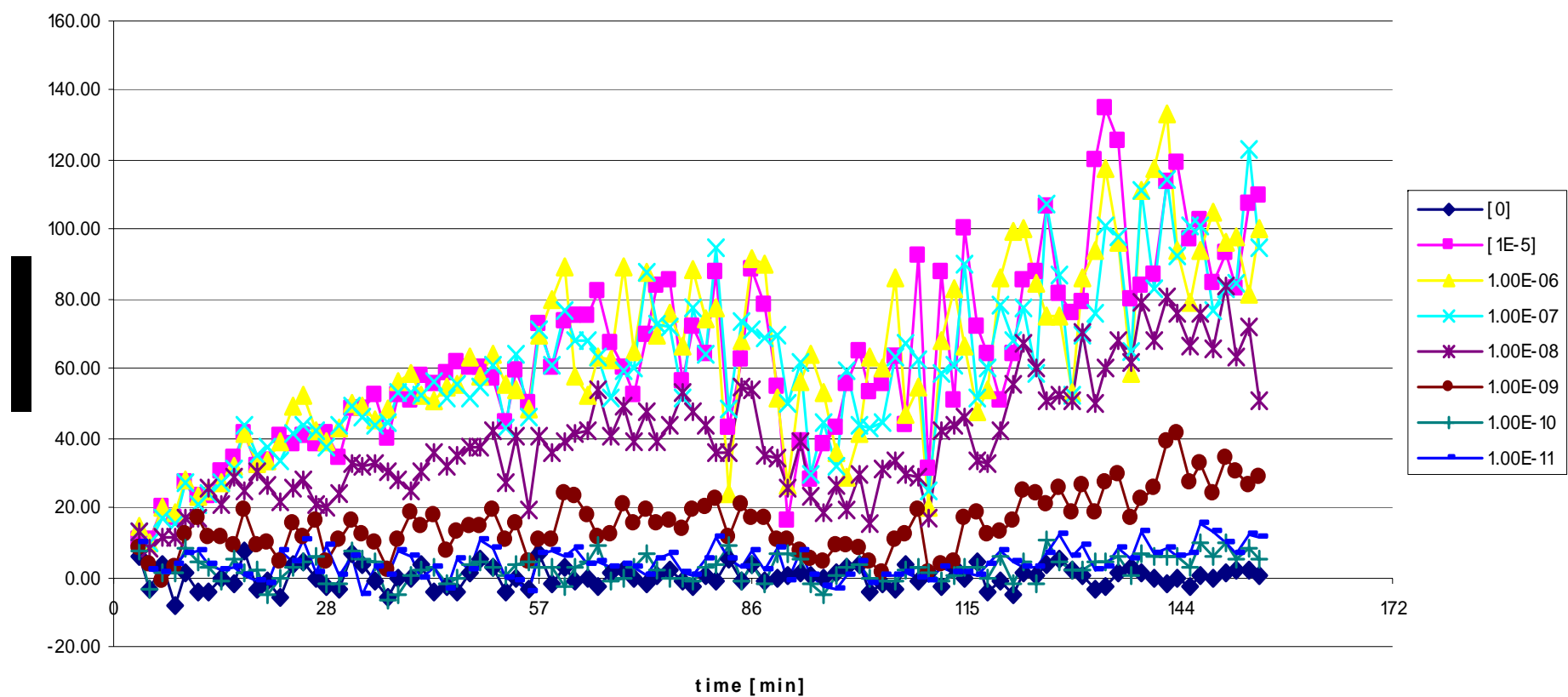
Latency

Add AHL to all
at t=0min

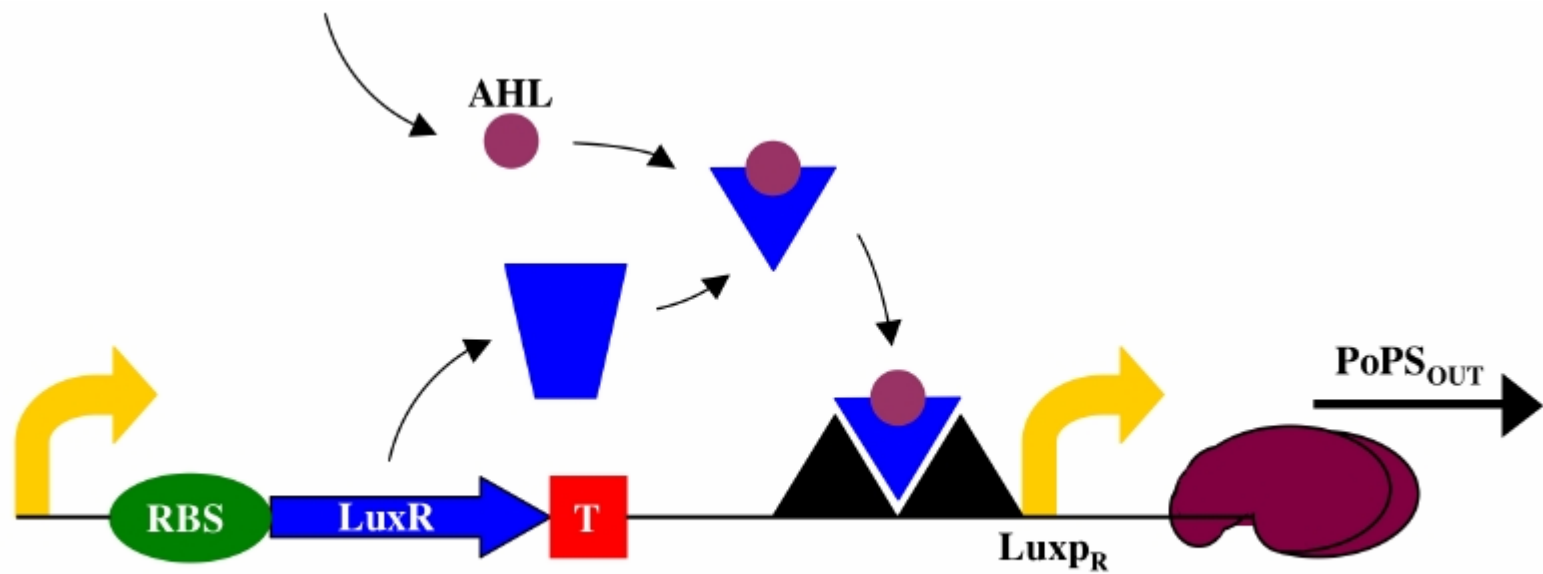


T9002

Latency - Rate of GFP production

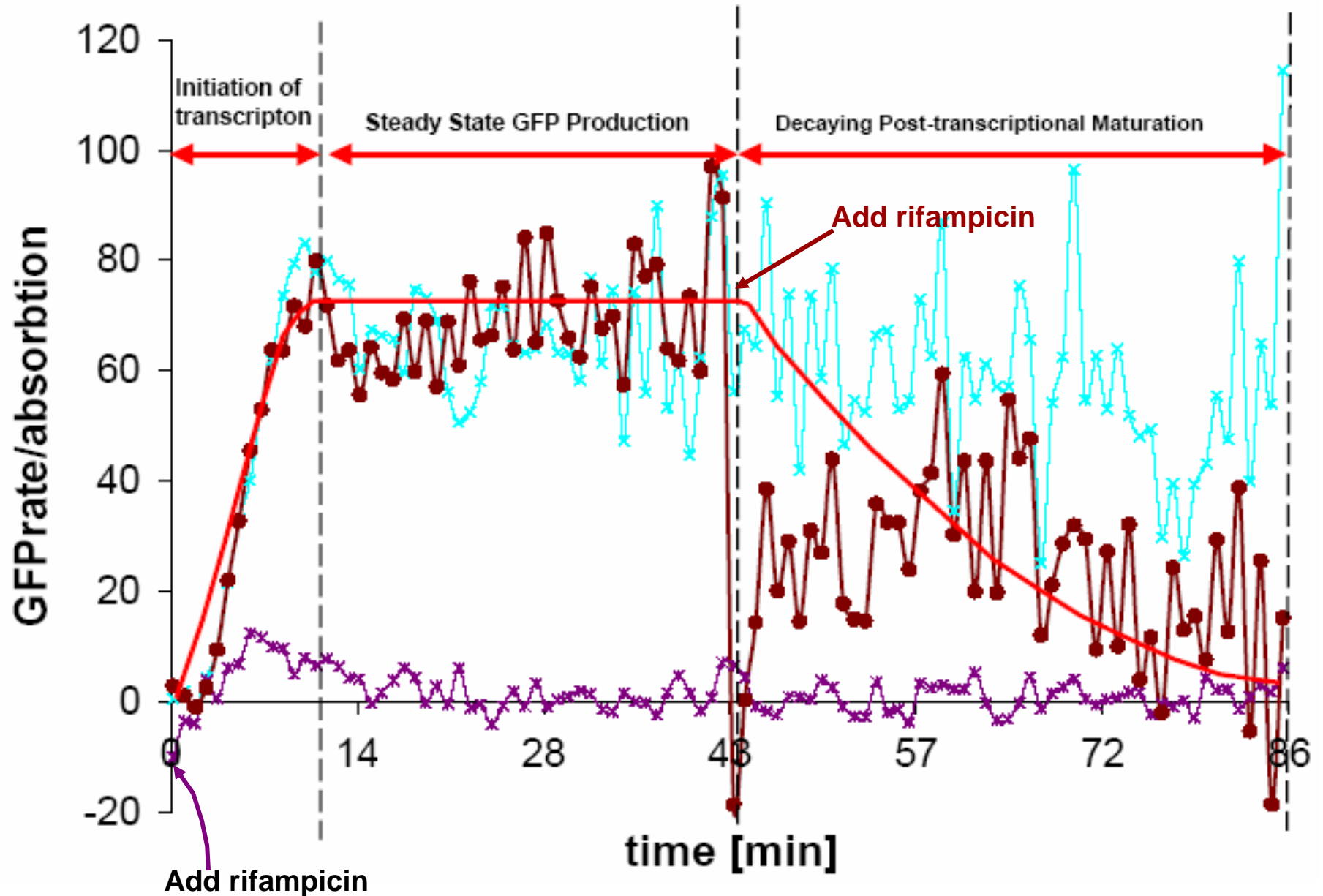


Lux Receiver



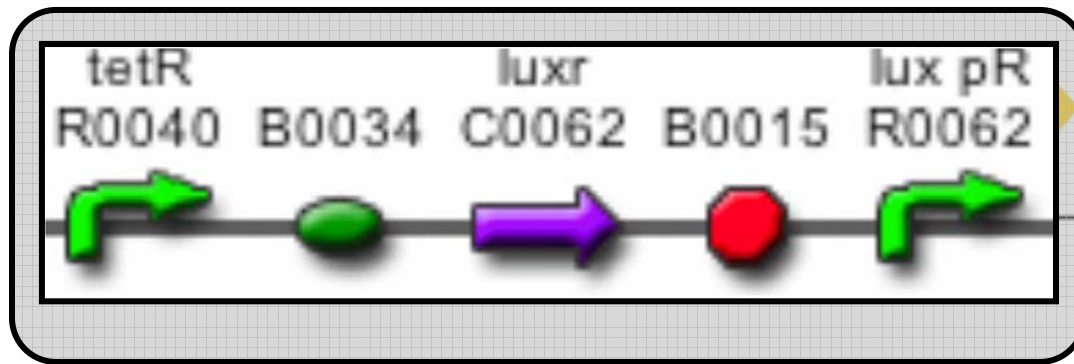
Add AHL to all
at t=0min

Latency



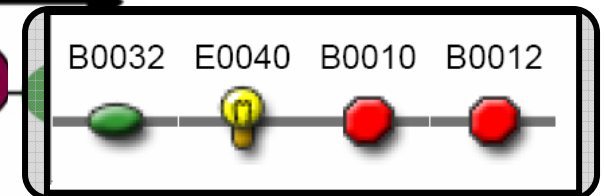
Cell-Cell Communication Device

BBa_F2620

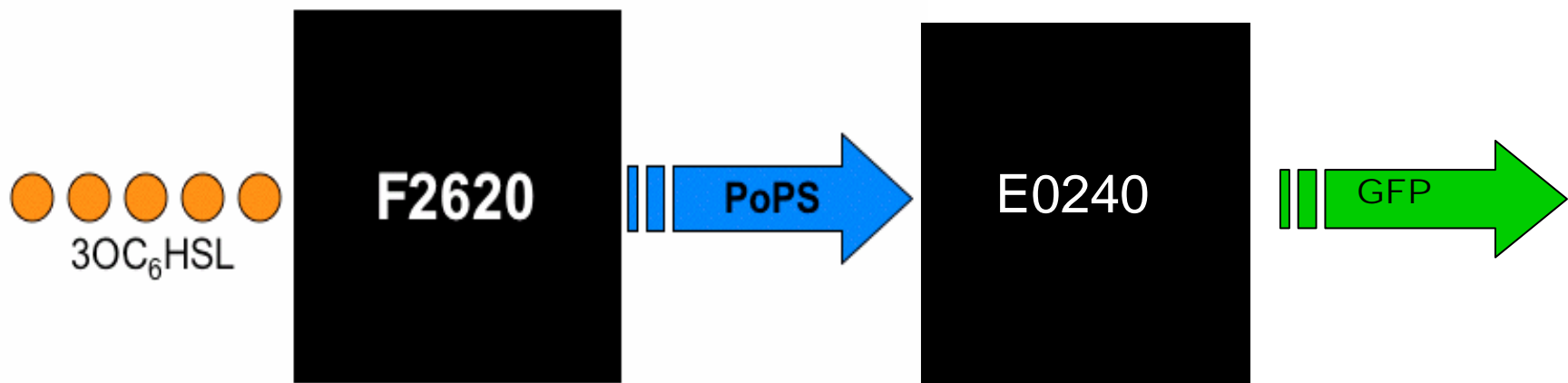


PoPS_{OUT}

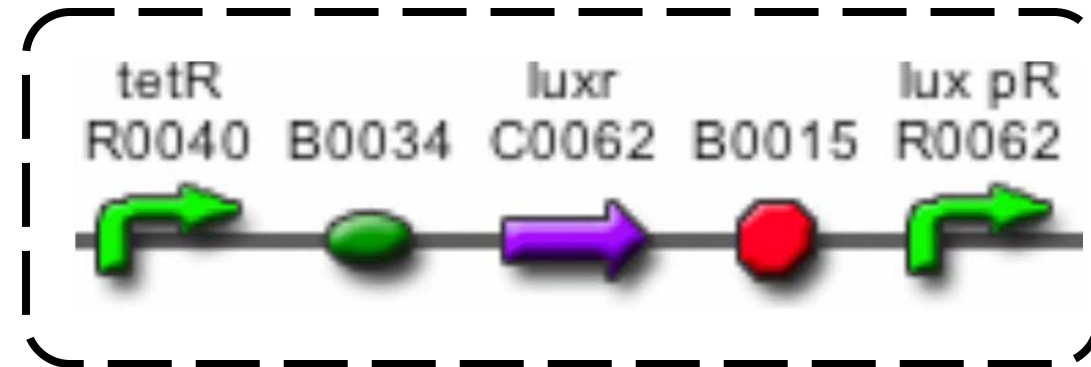
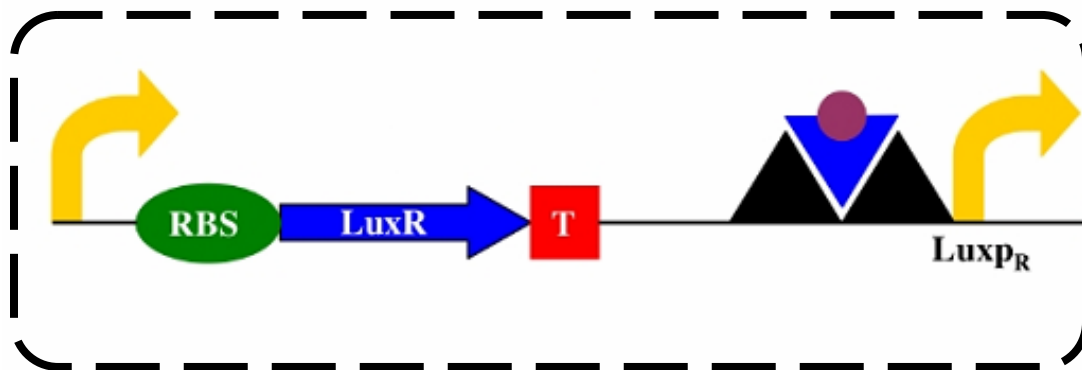
BBa_E0240



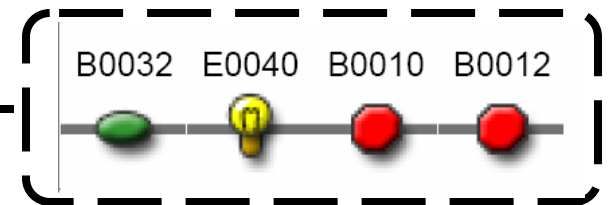
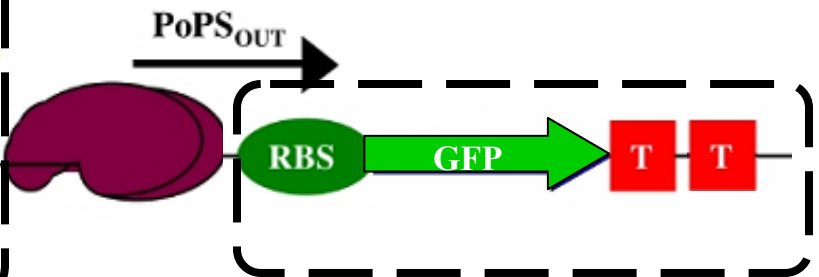
Cell-Cell Communication Device



Receiver Device



Reporter Device



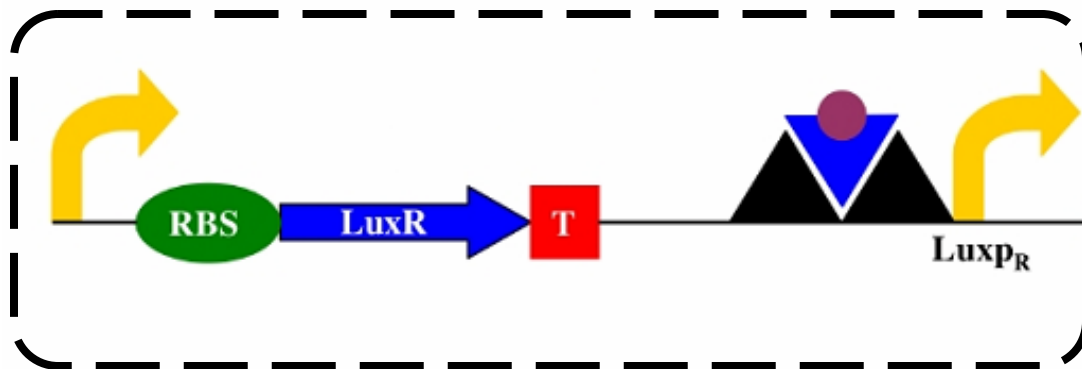
F2620

PoPS

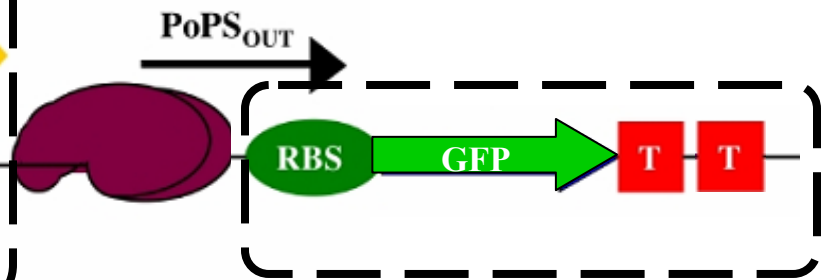
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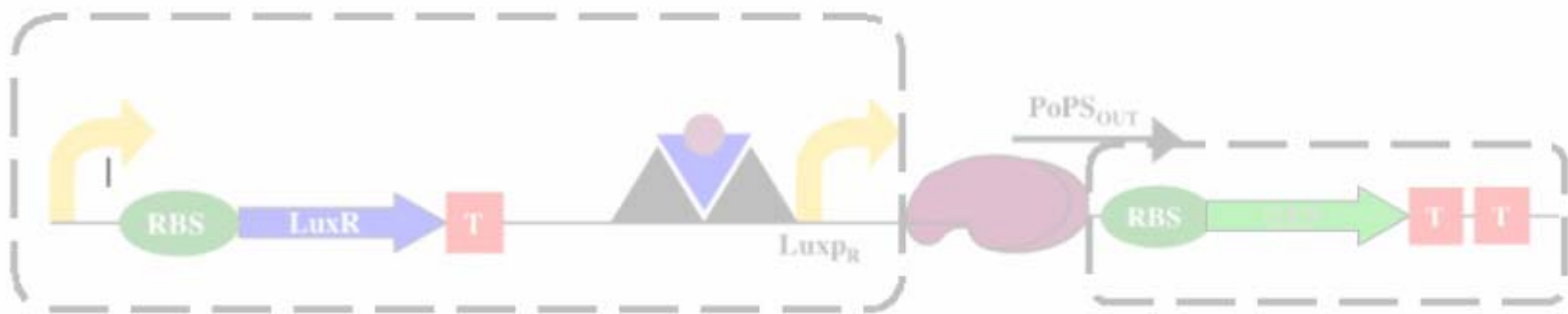
GFP

Receiver Device

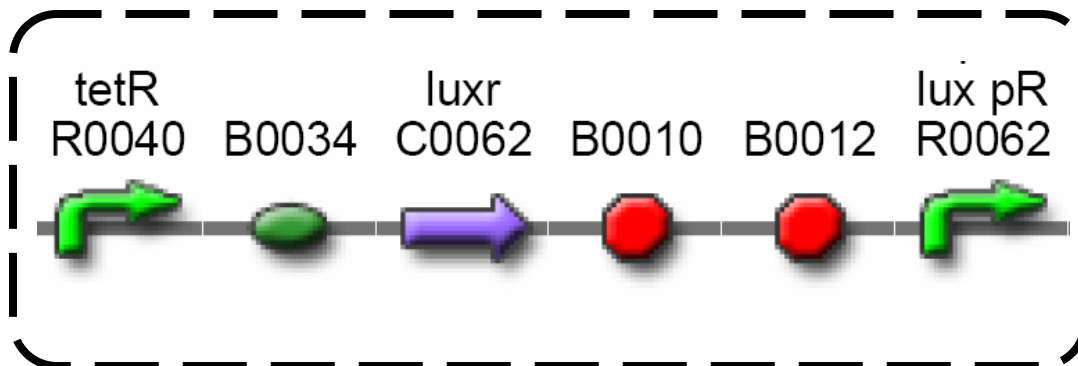


Reporter Device

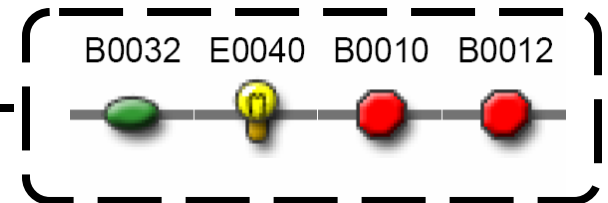


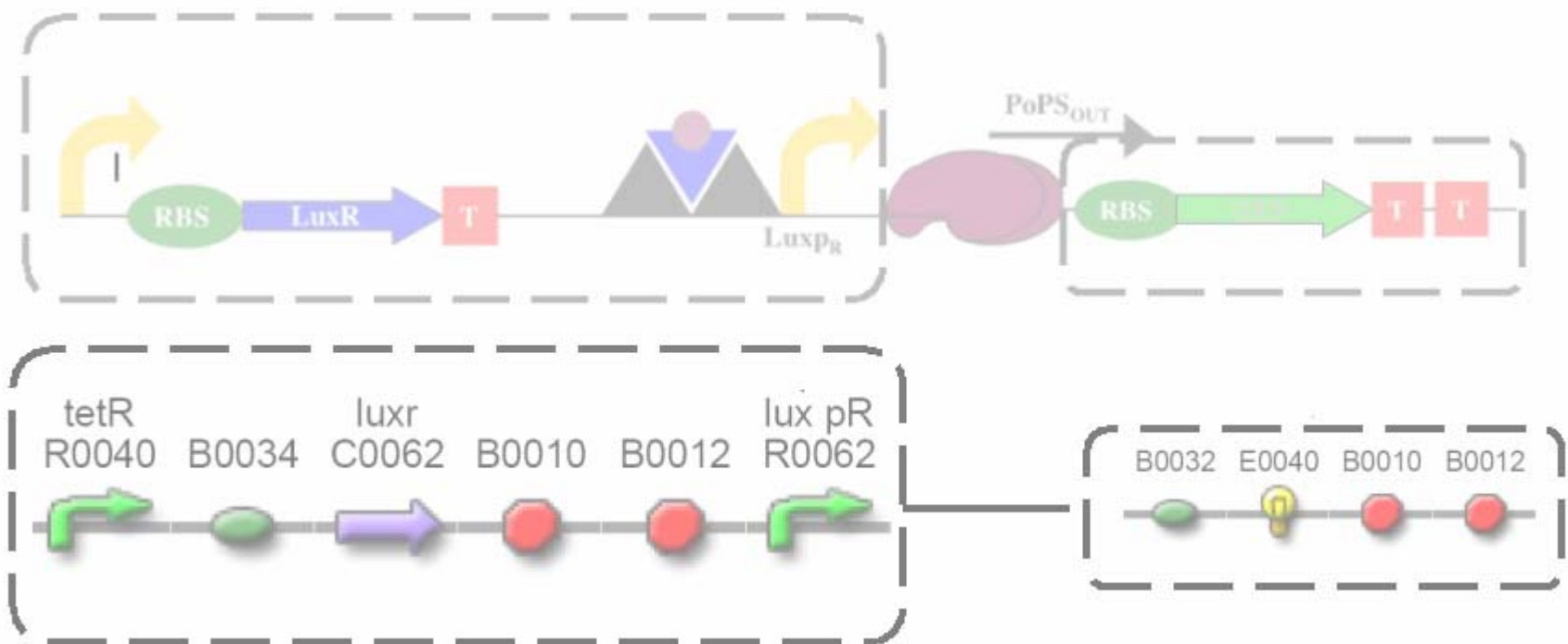


Receiver Device



Reporter Device

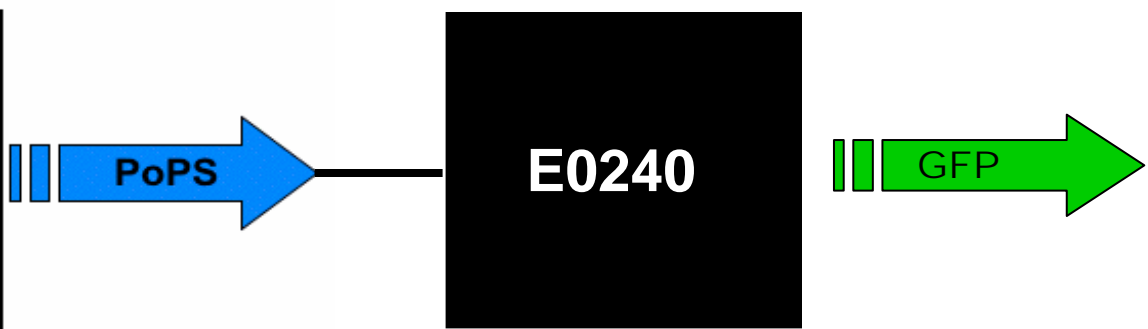




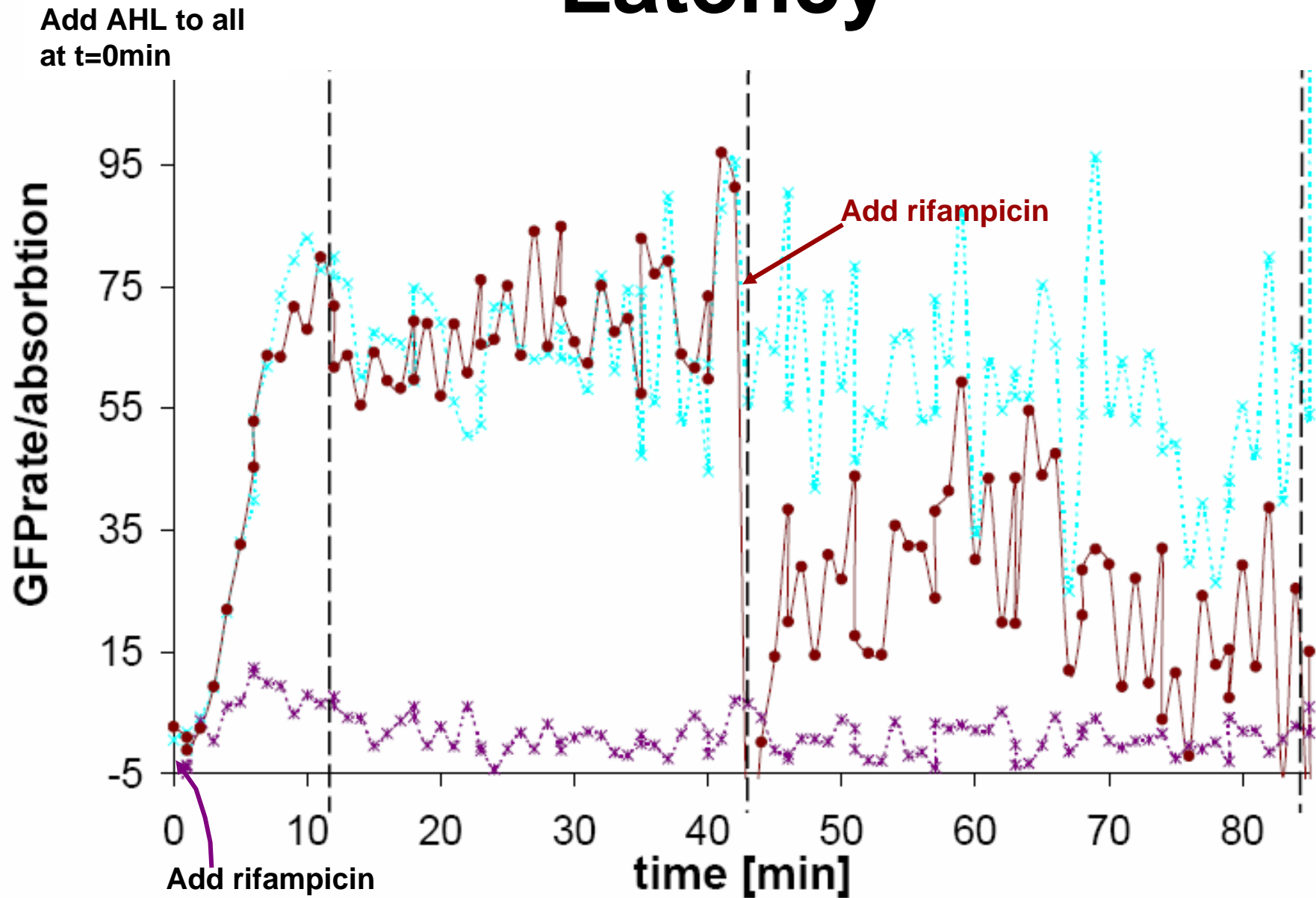
Receiver Device



Reporter Device



Latency



Latency

